

Scilab Textbook Companion for
Linear Integrated Circuits
by T. R. Ganesh Babu and B. Suseela¹

Created by
Surya Prabha
BE
Electrical Engineering
STUDENT
College Teacher
None
Cross-Checked by
None

July 22, 2016

¹Funded by a grant from the National Mission on Education through ICT,
<http://spoken-tutorial.org/NMEICT-Intro>. This Textbook Companion and Scilab
codes written in it can be downloaded from the "Textbook Companion Project"
section at the website <http://scilab.in>

Book Description

Title: Linear Integrated Circuits

Author: T. R. Ganesh Babu and B. Suseela

Publisher: Scitech, Chennai

Edition: 3

Year: 2008

ISBN: 8183711324

Scilab numbering policy used in this document and the relation to the above book.

Exa Example (Solved example)

Eqn Equation (Particular equation of the above book)

AP Appendix to Example(Scilab Code that is an Appednix to a particular Example of the above book)

For example, Exa 3.51 means solved example 3.51 of this book. Sec 2.3 means a scilab code whose theory is explained in Section 2.3 of the book.

Contents

List of Scilab Codes	4
1 Circuit Configuration For Linear Integrated Circuits	6
2 Applications Of Operational Amplifier	15
4 Analog to Digital and Digital to Analog converters	30
5 Special Function Integrated Circuits	41

List of Scilab Codes

Exa 1.1	Ex1	6
Exa 1.2	Ex2	7
Exa 1.3	Ex3	7
Exa 1.4	Ex4	8
Exa 1.5	Ex5	8
Exa 1.6	Ex6	9
Exa 1.7	Ex7	9
Exa 1.8	Ex8	10
Exa 1.9	Ex9	10
Exa 1.10	Ex10	11
Exa 1.11	Ex11	11
Exa 1.12	Ex12	12
Exa 1.13	Ex13	12
Exa 1.14	Ex14	13
Exa 1.15	Ex15	13
Exa 2.1	Ex1	15
Exa 2.2	Ex2	16
Exa 2.4	Ex4	16
Exa 2.5	Ex5	17
Exa 2.6	Ex6	17
Exa 2.7	Ex7	18
Exa 2.8	Ex8	18
Exa 2.10	Ex10	19
Exa 2.11	Ex11	19
Exa 2.13	Ex13	20
Exa 2.14	Ex14	20
Exa 2.16	Ex16	21
Exa 2.17	Ex17	21

Exa 2.18	Ex18	22
Exa 2.19	Ex19	22
Exa 2.20	Ex20	23
Exa 2.22	Ex22	25
Exa 2.23	Ex23	25
Exa 2.24	Ex24	26
Exa 2.25	Ex25	26
Exa 2.26	Ex26	27
Exa 2.27	Ex27	27
Exa 4.1	Ex1	30
Exa 4.2	Ex2	30
Exa 4.3	Ex3	31
Exa 4.4	Ex4	31
Exa 4.5	Ex5	32
Exa 4.6	Ex6	33
Exa 4.7	Ex7	33
Exa 4.8	Ex8	34
Exa 4.9	Ex9	34
Exa 4.10	Ex10	34
Exa 4.11	Ex11	35
Exa 4.12	Ex12	35
Exa 4.13	Ex13	36
Exa 4.14	Ex14	36
Exa 4.15	Ex15	36
Exa 4.16	Ex16	37
Exa 4.17	Ex17	37
Exa 4.18	Ex18	38
Exa 4.19	Ex19	38
Exa 4.20	Ex20	39
Exa 4.21	Ex21	39
Exa 4.22	Ex22	40
Exa 5.1	Ex1	41
Exa 5.2	Ex2	41
Exa 5.3	Ex3	42
Exa 5.4	Ex4	42
Exa 5.5	Ex5	43
Exa 5.6	Ex6	44
Exa 5.7	Ex7	44

Exa 5.8	Ex8	45
Exa 5.9	Ex9	45
Exa 5.10	Ex10	46

List of Figures

2.1 Ex22	24
2.2 Ex27	28

Chapter 1

Circuit Configuration For Linear Integrated Circuits

Scilab code Exa 1.1 Ex1

```
1 //Example 1 Page No:1.81
2 //given
3 rc=50000; //ohm
4 re=100000; //ohm
5 rs=10000; //ohm
6 rp=50000; //ohm
7 beta0=2000;
8 r0=400000; //ohm
9 //determine adm ,acm ,cmrr
10 rc1=(rc*r0)/(rc+r0);
11 adm=(-(beta0*rc1)/(rs+rp)); //differential mode gain
12 acm=(-(beta0*rc1)/(rs+rp+2*re*(beta0+1))); //common
    mode gain
13 cmrr=20*(log10((1+((2*re*(beta0+1))/(rs+rp))))); //
    common mode rejection ratio
14 format(6);
15 disp("adm = "+string(adm));format(5); //no unit
```

```
16 disp("acm = "+string(acm));format(6); //no unit  
17 disp("cmrr = "+string(cmrr)+" db");
```

Scilab code Exa 1.2 Ex2

```
1 //Example 2 Page No:1.83  
2 //given  
3 sr=0.000001; //volt/sec  
4 freq1=100000; //hz  
5 vsat=12; //volt  
6 baw=100000; //hz  
7 //determine vx  
8  
9 vx=2*(1/(sr*2*3.14*freq1));  
10 format(6);  
11 disp('maximum peak amplitude at 100khz = '+string(vx)  
     +' volt');
```

Scilab code Exa 1.3 Ex3

```
1 //Example 3 Page No: 1.84  
2 //given  
3 V=20;  
4 t=4;  
5 //determine slew rate  
6 format(6);  
7 w=V/t;  
8  
9 disp('slew rate = '+string(w)+', volt/ sec');
```

Scilab code Exa 1.4 Ex4

```
1 //Example 4 Page No: 1.84
2 //given
3 clear
4 a=50;
5 vi=20e-3;
6 sr=0.5e6;
7 //determine max frequency
8 format(6);
9 vm=a*vi;
10 freq1=sr/(2*3.14*vm);
11 disp('max frequency of input is =' + string(freq1
    /10^3) + ' Khz');
```

Scilab code Exa 1.5 Ex5

```
1 //Example 5 Page No: 1.84
2 //given
3 clear
4 sr=0.5e6; //volt/sec
5 freq1=40e3; //hz
6 a=10; format(6);
7 //determine max peak to peak input signal
8 vm=sr/(2*3.14*freq1);
9 vm=2*vm;
10 v1=vm/a;
```

```
11 disp('Max peak to peak input signal = '+string(v1)+'
V');
```

Scilab code Exa 1.6 Ex6

```
1 //Example 6 Page No: 1.85
2 //given
3 adm=400;
4 cmrr=50;
5 vin1=50e-3; //volt
6 vin2=60e-3; //volt
7 vnoise=5e-3; //volt
8 v0=(vin2-vin1)*adm;
9 //determine noise
10 acm=adm/316.22;
11 v1=vnoise*acm;
12 disp('Noise = '+string(v1*10^3)+ ' mV');
```

Scilab code Exa 1.7 Ex7

```
1 //Example 7 Page No: 1.86
2 //given
3 sr=35e6; //volt/sec
4 vsat=15; //volt
5 //determine time to change from 0 to 15V
6 c=100e-12; //farad
7 i=150e-6; //A
8 w=vsat/sr;
9 w1=i/c; format(6);
```

```
10 disp('Time to change from 0 to 15 = '+string(w*1e6)+  
     ' sec');  
11 disp('Slew rate = '+string(w1/1000000)+' volt/ sec');  
-----
```

Scilab code Exa 1.8 Ex8

```
1 //Example 8 Page No: 1.86  
2 //given  
3 sr=2e6; //v/sec  
4 vsat=15; //volt  
5 //determine bandwidth  
6 format(9);  
7 fmax=sr/(2*3.14*vsat);  
8 bw=fmax*sqrt(2); //bandwidth=fmax*sqrt(2)  
9 disp('Bandwidth = '+string(bw)+' Hz');//error in the  
book  
-----
```

Scilab code Exa 1.9 Ex9

```
1 //Example 9 Page No: 1.87  
2 //given  
3 iin=30e-9; //A  
4 a=1e5; //gain  
5 rin=1000; //ohm  
6 //determine output offset voltage  
7 vid=iin*rin;  
8 v0=a*vid;
```

```
9 disp('Differential input voltage = '+string((vid*1e6  
    ))+', volt');  
10 disp('Output offset = '+string(v0)+', V');
```

Scilab code Exa 1.10 Ex10

```
1 //Example 10 Page No: 1.86  
2 //given  
3 inb1=22e-6; //A  
4 inb2=26e-6; //A  
5 //determine input offset current input base current  
6 i1=inb2-inb1;  
7 i2=(inb2+inb1)/2;  
8 format(10);  
9 disp('Input offset current = '+string(i1*10^6)+', A  
    ' );  
10 disp('Input base current = '+string(i2*10^6)+', A ' )  
    ;
```

Scilab code Exa 1.11 Ex11

```
1 //Example 11 Page No: 1.86  
2 //given  
3 inb2=90e-9; //A  
4 inb1=70e-9; //A  
5 a=1e5; //gain  
6 //determine input offset current  
7 i1=(inb2+inb1)/2;  
8 i2=inb2-inb1;
```

```
9 v1=((inb2-inb1)*1000)*a;
10 disp('Input base current = '+string(i1*10^9)+ ' nA');
11 disp('Input offset current = '+string(i2*10^9)+ ' nA');
12 disp('Output offset voltage = '+string(v1)+ ' V');
```

Scilab code Exa 1.12 Ex12

```
1 //Example 12 Page No: 1.87
2 //given
3 vin1=150e-6; //volt
4 vin2=100e-6; //volt
5 a=1000;
6 cmrr=[100,200,450,105];
7 //determine output voltage
8 vc=(vin1+vin2)/2;
9 vd=(vin1-vin2);
10 j=1; format(6);
11 while j<=4
12     v0=(a*vd*(1+(vc/(cmrr(j)*vd)))) ;
13     disp('Output voltage CMRR for '+string(cmrr(j))+
14         ' = '+string(v0*10^3)+ ' mV'); //error in book
15     j=j+1;
16 end
```

Scilab code Exa 1.13 Ex13

```
1 //Example 14 Page No: 1.89
2 //given
```

```
3 sr=0.5e6; //volt/sec
4 a=50;
5 freq1=20e3; //hz
6 //determine max peak to peak voltage
7 v1=sr/(2*3.14*freq1*a);format(3);
8 disp('Input voltage = '+string(v1*10^3)+ ' mV');
```

Scilab code Exa 1.14 Ex14

```
1 //Example 14 Page No: 1.89
2 //given
3 sr=0.5e6; //volt/sec
4 a=50;
5 freq1=20e3; //hz
6 //determine max peak to peak voltage
7 v1=sr/(2*3.14*freq1*a);format(3);
8 disp('input voltage '+string(v1*10^3)+ 'mV');
```

Scilab code Exa 1.15 Ex15

```
1 //Example 15 Page No: 1.90
2 //given
3 sr=50e6; //volt/sec
4 rin=2;format(5);
5 vimax=10; //volt
6 //determine max frequency
7 vm=vimax*(1+rin);
8 freq1=sr/(2*3.14*vm);
9 disp('Max frequency = '+string(freq1/10^3)+ ' KHz');
```


Chapter 2

Applications Of Operational Amplifier

Scilab code Exa 2.1 Ex1

```
1 //problem 1 pagenumber 2.86
2 //given
3 rf=10*10^3; //ohm
4 //vo=0.1v1+v2+10v3;                               1
5 //determine r1 ,r1 ,r3
6 r1=rf/0.1; //from 1
7 r2=rf/1; //from 1
8 r3=rf/10; //from 1
9 format(6);
10 disp('R1 = '+string(r1/10^3)+ ' Kohm');
11 disp('R2 = '+string(r2/10^3)+ ' Kohm');
12 disp('R3 = '+string(r3/10^3)+ ' Kohm');
13 disp('Rf = '+string(rf/10^3)+ ' Kohm');
```

Scilab code Exa 2.2 Ex2

```
1 //problem 2 pagenumber 2.86
2 //given
3 format(6);
4 v1=5; //volt
5 v2=2; //volt
6 rf1=10e3; //ohm
7 r1=10e3; //ohm
8 //determine output voltage
9 v0=-((-v1*rf1/r1)-(-v2*rf1/r1));
10 disp('Output voltage = '+string(v0)+ ' V');
```

Scilab code Exa 2.4 Ex4

```
1 //problem 4 pagenumber 2.87
2 //given
3 format(6);
4 r1=10e3; //ohm
5 rf1=20e3; //ohm
6 r2=5e3; //ohm
7 //determine gain of amplifier
8 a1=1+rf1/r1;
9 a2=-rf1/r1;
10 disp('Switch off gain = '+string(a1+a2)); //no unit
11 disp('Switch on gain = '+string(a2)); //no unit
```

Scilab code Exa 2.5 Ex5

```
1 //problem 5 pagenumber 2.89
2 //given
3 format(6);
4 v1=2; //volt
5 v2=3; //volt
6 r1=1e3; //ohm
7 rf1=5e3; //ohm
8 r2=8e3; //ohm
9 //determine output voltage
10 v11=v2*r2/(r2+r1);
11 disp('Output voltage = '+string((1+rf1/r1)*(v2-v1))
      +' V');
```

Scilab code Exa 2.6 Ex6

```
1 //problem 6 pagenumber 2.90
2 //given
3 format(6);
4 r1=2e3; //ohm
5 rf1=8e3; //ohm
6 A=45; //open loop gain
7 a=1+(rf1/r1); //Nonverting gain
8 gain=A/(1+A/a);
9 disp('Gain = '+string(gain)); //no unit
```

Scilab code Exa 2.7 Ex7

```
1 //problem 7 pagenumber 2.91
2 //given
3 format(6);
4 r1=1e3; //ohm
5 r2=100e3; //ohm
6 rf1=90e3; //ohm
7 //determine cmrr
8 ac=(r2-rf1)/(r1+r2);
9 ad=(rf1+(((rf1+r1)/r1)*r2)/(r1+r2))/r1;format(12);
10 disp('CMRR = '+string(ad/(ac))); //no unit
```

Scilab code Exa 2.8 Ex8

```
1 //problem 8 pagenumber 2.92
2 //given
3 format(6);
4 ii1=2e-3; //A
5 rf1=2e3; //ohm
6 r0=2e3; //ohm
7 i0=-(ii1+(ii1*rf1)/r0)
8
9 disp('Output current = '+string(i0*10^3)+ ' mA');
```

Scilab code Exa 2.10 Ex10

```
1 //problem 10 pagenumber 2.94
2 //given
3 format(6);
4 v1=5; //volt
5 v2=2; //volt
6 r1=10e3; //ohm
7 rf1=r1; //ohm
8 //determine output voltage
9 v01=-v1*(rf1/r1);
10 disp('Output voltage = '+string(-(rf1/r1)*(v01+v1))+'
    ' V');
```

Scilab code Exa 2.11 Ex11

```
1 //problem 11 pagenumber 2.95
2 //given
3 format(6);
4 rf1=10e3; //ohm
5 r1=2e3; //ohm
6 r2=5e3; //ohm
7 //determine output voltage
8 cof1=-rf1/r1; //coefficient of v1
9 cof2=-rf1/r2; //coefficient of v2
10 disp('Output voltage = '+string(cof1)+ 'v1+( '+string(
    cof2)+ 'v2 )');
```

Scilab code Exa 2.13 Ex13

```
1 //problem 13 pagenumber 2.97
2 //given
3 format(6);
4 freq1=1e3; //hz
5 c=0.1e-6; //farad
6 af=1.586; //gain
7 //determine rf ri r1
8 r1=1/(2*3.14*freq1*c);format(5);
9 disp('R1 = '+string(r1/10^3)+ ' Kohm');
10 disp('Ri = 10 Kohm');//assumption
11 ri=10e3; //ohm
12 rf=(af-1)*ri;format(6);
13 disp('Rf = '+string(rf/10^3)+ ' Kohm');
```

Scilab code Exa 2.14 Ex14

```
1 //problem 14 pagenumber 2.97
2 //given
3 format(6);
4 fc=3e3; //hz
5 q=30; //quality factor
6 af=20; //forward gain
7 c=0.1e-6; //farad
8 //determine r1 r2 r3
9 r1=q/(2*3.14*fc*c*af);
10 r2=q/(2*3.14*fc*c*(2*q*q-af));
```

```
11 r3=q/(3.14*fc*c);format(4);
12 disp('R1 = '+string(r1)+' ohm');format(3);
13 disp('R2 = '+string(r2)+' ohm');
14 disp('R3 = '+string(r3/10^3)+' ohm');
```

Scilab code Exa 2.16 Ex16

```
1 //problem 16 pagenumber 2.99
2 //given
3 f1=500; //hz
4 f2=2.2e3; //hz
5 a=5;
6 c=0.1e-6; //farad
7 rf1=10e3; //ohm
8 //determine r1 r2
9 R1=1/(2*3.14*f1*c);
10 R2=1/(2*3.14*f2*c);
11 Ri=2e3; //ohm assuming
12 Rf=(a-1)*Ri;format(6);
13 disp('R = '+string(R1/10^3)+' Kohm');
14 disp('R2 = '+string(R2/10^3)+' Kohm');//error in
book
15 disp('R1 = '+string(Ri/10^3)+' Kohm');
16 disp('Rf = '+string(Rf/10^3)+' Kohm');
```

Scilab code Exa 2.17 Ex17

```
1 //problem 17 pagenumber 2.100
2 //given
```

```
3 R=100e3; //ohm
4 IB=1e-6; //A
5 Vt=25e-3; //volt
6 v0=0; //volt
7
8
9 //determine Vin
10 Vin=(v0*2.3*Vt)+(R*IB); format(6);
11 disp("Vin = "+string(Vin)+" V");
```

Scilab code Exa 2.18 Ex18

```
1 //problem 18 pagenumber 2.101
2 //given
3 format(6);
4 freq1=100; //hz
5 c=0.1e-6; //farad
6 //determine r1 r2
7 r2=29; //ohm assuming
8 r1=(0.065/(freq1*c)*10)*r2;
9 disp('R1 = '+string(r1/10^3)+ ' Kohm');
10 disp('R2 = '+string(r2)+ ' ohm');
```

Scilab code Exa 2.19 Ex19

```
1 //problem 19 pagenumber 2.101
2 //given
3 freq1=15.9e3; //hz
4 a=1.5; format(3);
```

```
5 //determine rf1 r1
6 c=0.001e-6; //farad
7 R1=1/(2*3.14*freq1*c);
8 Rf1=(a-1)*(1/(2*3.14*freq1*c));
9 disp('R1 = '+string(R1/10^3)+ ' Kohm');
10 disp('Rf1 = '+string(Rf1/10^3)+ ' Kohm');
```

Scilab code Exa 2.20 Ex20

```
1 //problem 20 pagenumber 2.103
2 //given
3 v1=2; //volt
4 v2=3; //volt
5 v3=6; //volt
6 v4=8; //volt
7 rf1=50e3; //ohm
8 r1=40e3; //ohm
9 r2=25e3; //ohm
10 r3=10e3; //ohm
11 r4=20e3; //ohm
12 r5=30e3; //ohm
13 //determine output voltage
14 v0x=-(v1*rf1/r1)-(v2*rf1/r2); format(5);
15 req=r5*r4/(r5+r4); //combination of r4 and r5
16 re1=(r3*r5)/(r3+r5); //combination of r3 and r5
17 vn=req*v3/(r3+req)+(re1*v4/(r4+re1));
18 v0y=(1+rf1/(r1*r2/(r1+r2)))*vn;
19 disp('Output voltage = '+string(v0x+v0y)+ ' V');
```

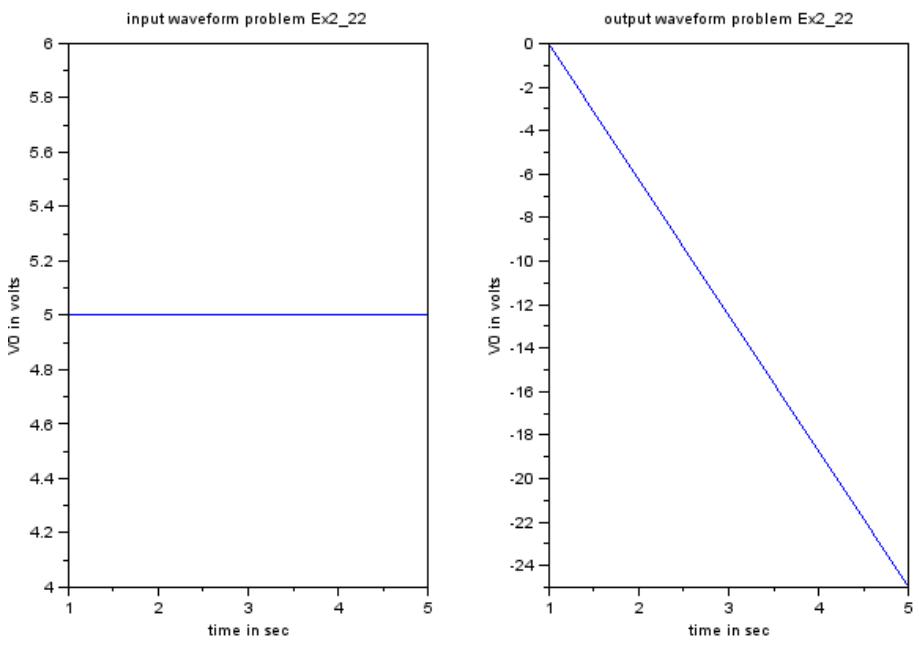


Figure 2.1: Ex22

Scilab code Exa 2.22 Ex22

```
1 //problem 22 pagenumber 2.105
2 //given
3 rc1=1;format(3);clf();
4 vi=5;//volt
5 c=1e-6;//farad
6 r=1e6;//ohm
7 x0=0;x1=1:1:5;
8 //determine output voltage
9 v0=integrate('5','t',x0,x1);
10 disp('Output voltage = -'+string(v0(5))+" V");
11 subplot(1,2,1);
12 x=linspace(1,5,5);
13 y=5;
14 plot(x,y);
15 xtitle('input waveform problem Ex2_22','time in sec',
         'Vi in volts');
16 subplot(1,2,2);
17 x=linspace(1,5,5);
18 y=linspace(0,-25,5);
19 plot(x,y);
20 xtitle('output waveform problem Ex2_22','time in sec
         ','V0 in volts');
```

Scilab code Exa 2.23 Ex23

```
1 //problem 23 paenumber 2.106
2 //given
3 vi=[10e-3,100e-3,1];format(6);
```

```

4 r1=10e3; //ohm
5 i1=1e-13; //A
6 //determine output voltage
7 w=1;
8 while w<=3
9     disp('Output voltage for vi '+string(vi(w))+ ' =
    '+string((( -0.02571)*(log(vi(w)/(i1*r1)))) *
10    *10^3)+ ' mV'); //error in book
11    w=w+1;
12 end

```

Scilab code Exa 2.24 Ex24

```

1 //problem 24 pagenumber 2.107
2 //given
3 format(6);
4 k1=1.38e-23; //j/k
5 t1=298; //k
6 q=1.6e-19; //columb
7 vi=10e-3; //volt
8 ri=10e3; //ohm
9 //determine output voltage
10 v0=-(k1*t1/q)*0.4343*log10(vi/ri);
11 disp('Output voltage = '+string(v0*10^3)+ ' mV');

```

Scilab code Exa 2.25 Ex25

```

1 //problem 25 pagenumber 2.108
2 //given

```

```
3 format(7);
4 rf1=10e3; //ohm
5 vi=1e-2; //volt
6 vt=0.0257; //volt
7 //determine output voltage
8 vi=exp(vi/vt);
9 v0=-vi*rf1;
10 disp('Output voltage = '+string(v0)+ ' V');
```

Scilab code Exa 2.26 Ex26

```
1 //problem 26 pagenumber 2.109
2 //given
3 freq1=1.5e3; //hz
4 bw=450; //hz
5 //determine qualityfactor f1 f2
6 q=freq1/bw; format(7);
7 f1=freq1*sqrt(1+(1/(4*q*q)))-freq1/(2*q);
8 f2=freq1*sqrt(1+(1/(4*q*q)))+bw/2; format(4);
9 disp('Quality factor = '+string(q)); format(7); //no
    unit
10 disp('Lower frequency = '+string(f1)+ ' Hz');
11 disp('Upper frequency = '+string(f2)+ ' Hz');
```

Scilab code Exa 2.27 Ex27

```
1 //problem 27 pagenumber 2.109
```

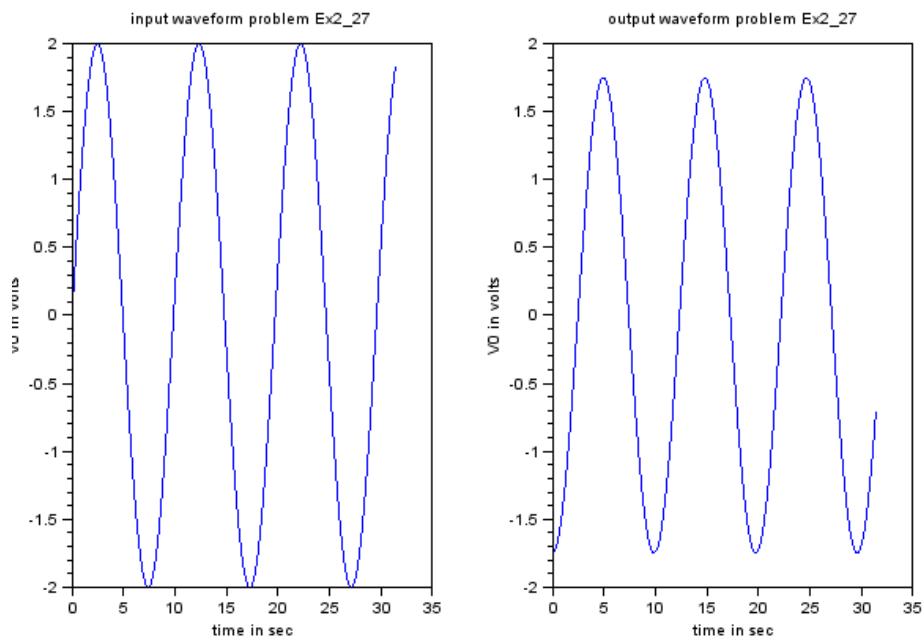


Figure 2.2: Ex27

```

2 // given
3 format(6);
4 fa=200; //hz
5 vi=2; //volt
6 c1=0.1e-6; //farad
7 //determine cf1 rf1 r1
8 rf1=1/(2*3.14*fa*c1);clf();
9 r1=1/(2*3.14*c1*fa*10); //fb=10*fa
10 cf1=r1*c1/rf1;
11 disp('Rf = '+string(rf1/1e3)+ ' Kohm');
12 disp('R1 = '+string(r1)+ ' ohm');
13 disp('Cf = '+string(cf1*10^6)+ ' farad');//error in
book
14 subplot(1,2,1);
15 x=0:0.1:10*pi;
16 y=-2*sin(2*fa*3.14*x);
17 plot(x,y);
18 xlabel('time in sec');
19 ylabel('Vi in volts');
20 title('input waveform problem Ex2_27');
21 subplot(1,2,2);
22 x=0:0.1:10*pi;
23 y=-1.75*cos(2*fa*3.14*x);
24 plot(x,y);
25 xlabel('time in sec');
26 ylabel('V0 in volts');
27 title('output waveform problem Ex2_27');

```

Chapter 4

Analog to Digital and Digital to Analog converters

Scilab code Exa 4.1 Ex1

```
1 //problem 1 pagenumber 4.38
2 //given
3 z='0101';format(6);
4 n=4;
5 vof=15; //volt
6 r=vof/(2^(n-1));
7 v0=r*base2dec(z,2);
8
9 disp('Output voltage = '+string(v0)+' volt');
```

Scilab code Exa 4.2 Ex2

```
1 //problem 2 pagenumber 4.38
2 //given
3 r=20e-3;format(6);
4 z='11000000';
5 n=8;
6 vof=r*(2^n-1);
7 v0=r*base2dec(z,2);
8 disp('Output offset = '+string(vof)+' volt');
9 disp('Output voltage = '+string(v0)+' volt');
```

Scilab code Exa 4.3 Ex3

```
1 //problem 3 pagenumber 4.38
2 //given
3 n=4;format(6);
4 z=['0111','1111'];
5 vref=5;//volt
6 //determine v0
7 r=vref/(2^n-1);
8 i=1;
9 while i<3
10     v0=r*base2dec(z(i),2);
11     disp('Output voltage '+string(z(i))+' = '+string
12         (v0)+' volt');
13     i=i+1;
14 end
```

Scilab code Exa 4.4 Ex4

```

1 //problem 4 pagenumber 4.39
2 //given
3 n=12; format(6);
4 r=8e-3; //volt
5 z='011101110001';
6 //determine output voltage
7 vof=r*(2^n-1); res=r/vof;
8 v0=r*base2dec(z,2);
9 disp('Output voltage = '+string(v0)+ ' volt ');
10 disp('Fullscale Output Voltage = '+string(vof)+ ' volt ');
11 disp('Resolution = '+string(res*1e2)+ ' percent');

```

Scilab code Exa 4.5 Ex5

```

1 //problem 5 pagenumber 4.39
2 //given
3 fs=1e3; //hz
4 r=0.01; format(6);
5 vref=10; //volt
6 //determine n vmin rms fs1 t1 z
7 r=0.01/100;
8 n=14;
9 mbit=2^n;
10 disp('Minimum number of bits = '+string((mbit)));
11 vm=vref/2^n;
12 disp('Minimum voltage = '+string(vm*10^6)+ ' volt ');
13 eq=vref/(2^n*2*sqrt(3));
14 disp('Quantization error = '+string(eq*10^6)+ ' volt ');
15 fs1=5*fs;
16 disp('Sampling rate = '+string(fs1)+ ' Hz ');
17 t1=1/(2*pi*fs*2^n);

```

```
18 disp('Aperture time = '+string(t1*10^6)+ ' milisecond  
'); //error in book  
19 disp('Converter = '+string(6*n)+ ' dB');
```

Scilab code Exa 4.6 Ex6

```
1 //problem 6 pagenumber 4.40  
2 //given  
3 vref=10; //volt  
4 is=1.875e-3; //A  
5 z=['1111' '1100']; format(6);  
6 //determine R I  
7 n=4;  
8 v0=vref/2^n*(1*2^(n-1)+1*2^(n-2)+1*2^(n-3)+1*2^(n-4))  
9 r=v0/is;  
10 disp('R = '+string(r/10^3)+ ' Kohm');  
11 v0=vref/2^n*(1*2^(n-1)+1*2^(n-2))/r;  
12 disp('I at 1100 = '+string(v0*10^3)+ ' mA');
```

Scilab code Exa 4.7 Ex7

```
1 //problem 7 pagenumber 4.41  
2 vmin=1e-3; //volt  
3 vref=10; //volt  
4 q=0.01; format(6);  
5 //determine n  
6 n=log10(((0.5)/0.01)+1)/log10(2); format(2);  
7 disp('N = '+string(n)); //no unit
```

Scilab code Exa 4.8 Ex8

```
1 //problem 8 pagenumber 4.42
2 //given
3 n=8;
4 //determine R
5 r=1/(2^n-1)*100;format(6);
6 disp('R in percent = '+string(r)+'%');
```

Scilab code Exa 4.9 Ex9

```
1 //problem 9 pagenumber 4.42
2 //given
3 n=5;
4 //determine resolution
5 r=1/(2^n-1)*100;format(6);
6 disp('Resolution in percent = '+string(r)+'%');
```

Scilab code Exa 4.10 Ex10

```
1 //problem 10 pagenumber 4.42
2 //given
3 z=[ '111111' , '100110' ];
```

```
4 vref1=20; //volt
5 e=1/base2dec(z(1),2)*vref1;format(6);
6 disp('Minimum voltage each bit = '+string(e)+ ' volt');
7 e=base2dec(z(2),2)/base2dec(z(1),2)*vref1;
8
9 disp('Output voltage at '+string(z(2))+ ' = '+string(
e)+ ' volt');
```

Scilab code Exa 4.11 Ex11

```
1 //problem 11 pagenumber 4.43
2 //given
3 n=12;
4 vref1=50; //volt
5 vref2=-50; //volt
6 r=(vref1-vref2)/(2^n-1);format(6);
7 disp('Resolution = '+string(r)+ ' volt');
8 r=100/(2^n-1);
9 disp('Resolution in percent = '+string(r)+ '%');
```

Scilab code Exa 4.12 Ex12

```
1 //problem 12 pagenumber 4.43
2 //given
3 n=10;
4 vref1=-10; //volt
5 vref2=10; //volt
6 r=(vref2-vref1)/(2^n-1);format(6);
```

```
7 disp('Resolution = '+string(r*1e3)+' milivolt');
8 r=100/(2^n-1);
9 disp('Resolution in percent = '+string(r)+'%');
```

Scilab code Exa 4.13 Ex13

```
1 //problem 13 pagenumber 4.43
2 //given
3 n=12;
4 r=1/(2^n-1);format(6);
5 r=r*100;
6 disp('Resolution in percent = '+string(r)+'%');
```

Scilab code Exa 4.14 Ex14

```
1 //problem 14 pagenumber 4.44
2 //given
3 n=7;format(6);
4 vmax=25.4;//volt
5 r=1/(2^n-1);
6 disp('Change in voltage = '+string(r*vmax)+' volt');
```

Scilab code Exa 4.15 Ex15

```
1 //problem 15 pagenumber 4.44
2 //given
3 r=5e-3; //volt
4 vref=8; //volt
5 format(3);
6 //determine N
7 n=log10(1/(r/vref)+(1))/log10(2);
8 disp('N = '+string(n)); //no unit
```

Scilab code Exa 4.16 Ex16

```
1 //problem 16 pagenumber 4.44
2 //given
3 fs=1e6; //hz
4 format(6);
5 n=8;
6 tc=(1/fs)*(n+1);
7 disp('Conversion time = '+string(tc*10^6)+ ' s');
```

Scilab code Exa 4.17 Ex17

```
1 //problem 17 pagenumber 4.45
2 //given
3 vref=10; //volt
4 vin=100e-3; //volt
5 v0=vref*vin/10^-3; format(6);
6 disp('Output voltage = '+string(v0)+ ' counts');
```

Scilab code Exa 4.18 Ex18

```
1 //problem 18 pagenumber 4.45
2 //given
3 n=4;z='1111';format(6);
4 r=10e3;//ohm
5 r1=20e3;//ohm
6 vref=10;//volt
7 //determine Resolution and output current
8 r=(1/2^n)*vref/r;
9 disp('Resolution of 1th = '+string(r*10^6)+ ' A ');
10 disp('Iout = '+string(r*1e6)+ ' x D');
11 iout=r*base2dec(z,2);
12 disp('Output current = '+string(iout*10^6)+ ' A ');
    //error in book
```

Scilab code Exa 4.19 Ex19

```
1 //problem 19 pagenumber 4.45
2 //given
3 n=8;format(6);
4 vref=10;//volt
5 vmin=vref/2^n;
6 D=133;
7 disp('Minimum input voltage = '+string(vmin*1e3)+ '
      milivolt ');
8 vif=vref-vmin;
```

```
9 disp('Input voltage make 1s = '+string(vif)+ ' volt')
;
10 vin=5.2;
11 format(3);z=dec2base(D,2);format(6);
12 disp('Decimal at '+string(vin)+ ' volt = '+string(D))
; //no unit
```

Scilab code Exa 4.20 Ex20

```
1 //problem 20 pagenumber 4.46
2 //given
3 vref=10;//volt
4 z=[ '01' , '0111' , '10111100' ] ;format(6) ;
5 n=2;
6 v0=vref*(1/2^2);
7 disp('Output voltage at '+string(z(1))+ ' = '+string(
    v0)+ ' volt ');
8 n=4
9 v0=vref*(1/2^2+1/2^3+1/2^4);
10 disp('Output voltage at '+string(z(2))+ ' = '+string(
    v0)+ ' volt ');
11 v0=vref*(1/2+1/2^3+1/2^4+1/2^5+1/2^6+1/2^8);
12 disp('Output voltage at '+string(z(2))+ ' = '+string(
    v0)+ ' volt ');
```

Scilab code Exa 4.21 Ex21

```
1 //problem 21 pagenumber 4.46
2 //given
```

```
3 n=4; format(6);
4 z='0110';
5 vref=10; //volt
6 v0=vref*(1/2^2+1/2^3);
7 disp('Output voltage at '+string(z)+ ' = '+string(v0)
+ ' volt');
```

Scilab code Exa 4.22 Ex22

```
1 //problem 22 pagenumber 4.47
2 //given
3 n=10; format(6);
4 vfs=10.24; //volt
5 distortion=56; //dB
6 //determine ENOB SNRmax
7 q=vfs/(2^n*sqrt(12));
8 snrmax=(6.02*n+1.76); //formula for SNRmax
9 disp('SNRmax = '+string(snrmax)+ ' dB');
10 format(2);
11 en=(distortion-1.76)/6.02;
12 disp('ENOB = '+string(en)); //no unit
```

Chapter 5

Special Function Integrated Circuits

Scilab code Exa 5.1 Ex1

```
1 //problem 1 pagenumber 5.95
2 //given
3 clear
4 w=8e-3; //second
5 c1=0.1e-6; //farad
6 //determine r1
7 r1=w/(1.11*c1);format(3);
8 disp('R1 = '+string(r1/10^3)+ ' Kohm');format(6);
9 disp('C1 = '+string(c1*1e6)+ ' farad');
```

Scilab code Exa 5.2 Ex2

```
1 //problem 2 pagenumber 5.95
2 //given
3 ra=5e3; //ohm
4 rb=ra; format(6);
5 c1=0.01e-6; //farad
6 //determine frequency dutycycle
7 freq1=1.44/((ra+2*rb)*c1);
8 w=(ra+rb)/(ra+2*rb); format(5);
9 disp('frequency = '+string(freq1)+ ' Hz');
10 disp('dutycycle = '+string(w)); //no unit
```

Scilab code Exa 5.3 Ex3

```
1 //problem 3 pagenumber 5.96
2 //given
3 freq1=2e3; //hz
4 w=0.75; format(6);
5 c1=0.1e-6; //farad
6 //determine ra rb
7 //for 0.75 dutycycle rb=0.5*ra
8 ra=1.44/freq1*(1/(c1*2));
9 rb=0.5*ra;
10 disp('Ra = '+string(ra)+ ' ohm');
11 disp('Rb = '+string(rb)+ ' ohm');
12 disp('C1 = '+string(c1*1e6)+ ' farad');
```

Scilab code Exa 5.4 Ex4

```
1 //problem 4 pagenumber 5.97
```

```

2 // given
3 ra=2.2e3; //ohm
4 rb=6.8e3; //ohm
5 c1=0.01e-6; //farad
6 //determine ontime offtime frequency dutycycle
7 t1=0.69*(ra+rb)*c1; format(6);
8 t2=0.69*rb*c1;
9 freq1=1.45/((ra+2*rb)*c1);
10 w=ra/(ra+2*rb); format(6);
11 disp('on time = '+string(t1*10^6)+ ' second');
12 disp('tof      = '+string(t2*10^6)+ ' second');
13 disp('frequency = '+string(freq1)+ ' Hz');
14 disp('duty cycle = '+string(w)); //no unit

```

Scilab code Exa 5.5 Ex5

```

1 //problem 5 pagenumber 5.97
2 //given
3 t1=4; //second
4 t2=2; //second
5 c1=1e-6; //farad
6 //detemine ra rb
7 t12=t1+t2;
8 w=t1/t12;
9 //ra=0.97*rb
10 rb=(t1/(0.693*c1))/(1+0.97);
11 ra=0.97*rb; format(5);
12 disp('Ra = '+string(ra/10^6)+ ' Mohm');
13 disp('Rb = '+string(rb/10^6)+ ' Mohm');

```

Scilab code Exa 5.6 Ex6

```
1 //problem 6 pagenumber 5.100
2 //given
3 c=10e-6; //farad
4 w=6; format(6);
5 //determine R
6 r=w/(1.11*c);
7 format(6);
8 disp('R = '+string(r/10^3)+ ' Kohm');
9 disp('C1 = '+string(c*1e6)+ ' farad');
```

Scilab code Exa 5.7 Ex7

```
1 //problem 7 pagenumber 5.100
2 //given
3 enw=20e-9; //volt/hz
4 fce=200; //hz
5 inw=0.5e-12; //A
6 fci=2e3; //hz
7 //determine RMS voltage
8 z=fce*log(20e3/20)+(20e3-20);
9 en=nthroot(enw,z);
10 format(5);
11 disp("Rms Input Voltage = "+string(en)+ ' volt');//  
error in book
```

Scilab code Exa 5.8 Ex8

```
1 //problem 8 pagenumber 5.99
2 //given
3 r1=9e3; //ohm
4 k1=1.38*10^-23; format(6);
5 t1=298; //k
6 //determine voltage current spectraldensities
    rmsnoise
7 r1=r1;
8 er=sqrt(4*k1*t1*r1);
9 i1=er/r1;
10 er12=1/er;
11 w=20e3-20;
12 er1=nthroot(er,w);
13 disp('voltage = '+string(er*10^9)+ ' nanovolt/ (Hz)
    ');format(5);
14 disp('current = '+string(i1*10^12)+ ' pA/ (Hz)');
15 disp('rms voltage = '+string(er1)+ ' volt');//error
    in book
```

Scilab code Exa 5.9 Ex9

```
1 //problem 9 pagenumber 5.101
2 //given
3 fh=2e6; //hz
4 id=[1e-6,1e-9]; format(6);
5 i=1;
```

```

6 while i<3
7     In=sqrt(2*1.62e-19*id(i)*fh);
8     disp(' signal to noise id '+string(id(i)*10^6)+'
9         = '+string(20*log10(id(i)/In))+ ' dB');
10    i=i+1;
11 end

```

Scilab code Exa 5.10 Ex10

```

1 //problem 10 pagenumber 5.101
2 //given
3 r1=100e3;format(6);
4 rf=250e3;
5 r3=70e3;//ohm
6 fce=200;//hz
7 fci=2e3;//hz
8 ft=1e6;//hz
9 enw=20e-9;
10 inw=0.5e-12;
11 f1=0.1;
12 fa=ft/(1+(rf/r1));
13 rn=r1*rf/(r1+rf);
14 p=fce*log(fa/f1)+1.57*fa-f1;
15 q=(r3^2+rn^2)*(fci*log(fa/f1)+1.5*fa-f1);
16 r=1.65e-20*(r3+rn)*(1.57*fa-f1);
17 en=(1+rf/r1)*(enw^2+p+inw^2*q+r);
18 disp('rms voltage = '+string(sqrt(en))+ ' volt rms',
); //error in book

```
