

Scilab Textbook Companion for  
Fundamentals of Optics  
by F. A. Jenkins and H. E.white<sup>1</sup>

Created by  
Reshma Sunil Konjari  
M.Tech  
Electrical Engineering  
VIT  
College Teacher  
None  
Cross-Checked by  
Lavitha

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# Book Description

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Scilab numbering policy used in this document and the relation to the above book.

**Exa** Example (Solved example)

**Eqn** Equation (Particular equation of the above book)

**AP** Appendix to Example(Scilab Code that is an Appednix to a particular Example of the above book)

For example, Exa 3.51 means solved example 3.51 of this book. Sec 2.3 means a scilab code whose theory is explained in Section 2.3 of the book.

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# Chapter 3

## Spherical Surfaces

Scilab code Exa 3.1 Position of image

```
1 //Example 3.1, page 69
2 clc;
3 n1=1.5
4 r=1//in cm
5 n=1//in cm
6 a=4//in cm, air
7 s=.5-(1/a)
8 s1=n1/s
9 printf("\n The image is formed at %d cm",s1)
```

---

Scilab code Exa 3.2 Primary secondary and final image

```
1 //Example 3.2, page 71
2 clc
3 n=1
4 n1=1.5
5 r=-4//in cm
6 s=10//in cm
```

```

7 f=(n*r)/(n1-n)
8 f1=(n1*r)/(n1-n)
9 s_temp=(1/-8)-(1/s)
10 s1=n1/s_temp
11 printf("\n The primary focal length is %d cm",f)
12 printf("\n The secondary focal length is formed at
    %d cm",f1)
13 printf("\n The image distance is %f cm",s1)

```

---

### Scilab code Exa 3.3 Power and position of image

```

1 //Example 3.3, page 77
2 clc
3 n=1
4 n1=1.5
5 r=10//in cm
6 s=40//in cm
7 p=(n1-n)/.1
8 v1=n/.4
9 s1=n1/v1
10 printf("\n The power of image is %dD",p)
11 printf("\n The image distance is %f m",s1)

```

---

### Scilab code Exa 3.4 Image distance

```

1 //Example 3.4, page 78
2 clc
3 n=1
4 n1=1.5
5 r=2//in cm
6 s=12//in cm
7 f=r/(n1-n)
8 printf("\n The focal length is %d cm",f)

```





# Chapter 4

## Thin Lenses

Scilab code Exa 4.1 Image formation

```
1 //example 4.1, page 86
2 clc
3 s=6//in cm
4 f=10//in cm
5 s1=(s*f)/(s-f)
6 m=s1/s
7 printf("\n The magnification obtained is %fX",m)
```

---

Scilab code Exa 4.2 Find the image

```
1 //example 4.2, page 86
2 clc
3 s=12//in cm
4 f=-6//in cm
5 s1=(s*f)/(s-f)
6 m=s1/s
7 printf("\n The magnification obtained is %fX",m)
```

---

### Scilab code Exa 4.3 Radius of curvature

```
1 //Example 4.3, page 89
2 clc
3 n=1.520
4 f=25//in cm
5 r2=-(f*(n-1))
6 printf("\\n The radius of curvature is %f cm",r2)
```

---

### Scilab code Exa 4.4 Find power

```
1 //example 4.4, page 92
2 clc
3 n=1.6
4 r1=.080//in cm
5 r2=-0.080
6 P=(n-1)*((1/r1)-(1/r2))
7 printf("\\n The power is %f D",P)
```

---

# Chapter 5

## Thick lenses

Scilab code Exa 5.1 Position of final image

```
1 //Example 5.1, page no 101
2 clc
3 n_air=1//refractive index of air
4 n_glass=1.5//refractive index of glass
5 n_water=1.33//refractive index of water
6 s1=n_glass/(((n_glass-n_air)/2)-(n_air/5))
7 s2=n_water/(((n_water-n_glass)/-2)-(n_glass/-28))
8 printf("\n The value of s1 is +%f cm",s1)
9 printf("\n The value of s2 is +%f cm",s2)
```

---

Scilab code Exa 5.2 Principal points

```
1 //Example 5.2, page 107
2 clc
3 r1=1.5//in cm
4 r2=1.5//in cm
5 d=2//in cm
6 n=1//in cm
```

```

7 n1=1.60//in cm
8 n11=1.30//in cm
9 n_by_f1=(n1-n)/r1
10 n1_by_f21=(n11-n1)/r2
11 f1=n/n_by_f1
12 f11=n1/n_by_f1
13 f21=n1/n1_by_f21
14 f211=n11/n1_by_f21
15 disp("Part a")
16 printf("\n The focal length f1 is +%f cm",f1)
17 printf("\n The focal length f11 is +%f cm",f11)
18 printf("\n The focal length f21 is -%f cm",f21)
19 printf("\n The focal length f211 is -%f cm",f211)
20 n_by_f=(n1/f11)+(n11/f211)-((d*n11)/(f11*f211))
21 f=1/n_by_f
22 f11=n11/n_by_f
23 A1_f=(-f)*(1-(d/f21))
24 A2_f211=f11*(1-(d/f11))
25 disp("Part b")
26 printf("\n The primary focal length is %f cm",A1_f)
27 printf("\n The secondary focal length is %f cm",
    A2_f211)
28 A1_h=f*(d/f21)
29 A2_h11=-f11*(d/f11)
30 disp("Part c")
31 printf("\n The primary point is %f cm",A1_h)
32 printf("\n The secondary point is %f cm",A2_h11)

```

---

### Scilab code Exa 5.3 Nodal point

```

1 //Example 5.3, Page 111
2 clc
3 n=1
4 n11=1.3
5 f11=4.333//in cm

```

```
6 HN=f11*((n11-n)/n11)
7 printf("Nodal length is %f cm",HN)
```

---

#### Scilab code Exa 5.4 Power of lenses

```
1 //Example 5.4, page 113
2 clc
3 n1=1.50
4 n2=1.60
5 n_dash=1.33
6 n_doubledash=1
7 p1=((n1-n_doubledash)/.04)+((n_dash-n1)/-0.04)
8 p2=((n2-n_dash)/-.06)+((n_doubledash-n2)/.06)
9 p=p1+p2+(-.015*p1*p2)
10 printf("The power is %f D", p)
11 //Part b
12 f=1/p
13 f_doubledash=1/p
14 printf("\nThe focal length f is %f m",f)
15 printf("\n The focal length f'' is %f m",
        f_doubledash)
16 //Part c
17 A1f=-(1/p)*(1+(.015*14.45))
18 A2H=-(1/p)*((.015*-4.45))
19 A2f11=-(1/p)*(1-(.015*16.67))
20 printf("\nThe focal point A1F is %f m",A1f)
21 printf("\nThe focal point A2H is %f m",A2H)
22 printf("\nThe focal point A2F11 is %f m",A2f11)
23 //Part d
24 A2H11=(1/p)*0.015*16.67
25 printf("\nThe principal point is %f m",A2H11)
```

---

# Chapter 6

## Spherical Mirrors

Scilab code Exa 6.1 focal length and position of image and lateral magnification

```
1 //Example 6.1, Page 125
2 clc
3 y=2//in cm
4 s=10//in cm
5 r=-16//in cm
6 //Part a
7 f=-r/2
8 printf("\n The focal length is %f cm",f)
9 s1=1/((1/f)-(1/s))
10 printf("\n The position of image is formed at %f cm"
    ,s1)
11 //part c
12 m=-(s1/s)
13 printf("\n The inveted position of image is formed
    at %f cm",m)
```

---

Scilab code Exa 6.2 power of mirror and magnification

```

1 //Example 6.2, page 126
2 clc
3 k=1/.5
4 v=1/.2
5 v1=-4-5
6 p=-2*k
7 s1=-(1/v1)
8 m=-(5/v1)
9 printf("The power is %f D", p)
10 printf("\n The position of image is formed at %f m",
    s1)
11 printf("\n The magnification of image is %f cm",m)

```

---

### Scilab code Exa 6.3 Focal length and principal point

```

1 //Example 6.3, page 129
2 clc
3 n1=1.50
4 r1=.5//in m
5 r2=-.5//in m
6 d=.1//in cm
7 r=-0.5//radius in cm
8 p1=(n1-1)*((1/r1)-(1/r2))
9 p2=-2*(1/r2)
10 c=d/1
11 p=(1-(c*2))*(8-.8)
12 f=1/p
13 H1H=(c)/(1-(c*2))
14 printf("The power is %f D", p)
15 printf("\nThe focal length f is %f m",f)
16 printf("\nThe principal point is %f m",H1H)

```

---

# Chapter 8

## Ray Tracing

Scilab code Exa 8.1 Convex spherical surface

```
1 //Example 8.1, page 157
2 clc
3 r=5//in cm
4 n=1//in cm
5 n1=1.67200//in cm
6 for h = 1:3 //the calculations for h=0 is 0,
    the textbook ans is wrong
7     sin_ph=h/r
8     sin_ph_1=(sin_ph)*(n/n1)
9     ph=asind(sin_ph)
10    ph_1=asind(sin_ph_1)
11    theta=ph_1-ph
12    angle=sin(theta) // the textbook ans is
        wrong
13    printf("\n \n")
14    printf("\n For h=%d, sin_ph=%f ",h,sin_ph)
15    printf("\n \n")
16    printf("\n For h=%d, sin_ph1=%f ",h,sin_ph_1)
17    printf("\n \n")
18    printf("\n \n")
19    printf("\n For h=%d, ph=%f ",h,ph)
```



```

20         printf("\n \n")
21     printf("\n For h=%d, ph1=%f ",h,ph_1)
22         printf("\n \n")
23     printf("\n For h=%d, theta=%f ",h,theta)
24         printf("\n \n")
25     printf("\n For h=%d, angle=%f ",h,angle)
26
27 end

```

---

### Scilab code Exa 8.2 Double convex lens

```

1 //Example 8.2
2 clc
3 r1=15//in cm
4 r2=-15 //in cm
5 d=3//in cm
6 n=1//in cm
7 n1=1.62500//in cm
8 n2=1//in cm
9 for h = 2:2:7 //the calculations for h=0 is
    0, the textbook ans is wrong
10     sin_ph=h/r1
11     sin_ph1=(sin_ph)*(n/n1)
12     ph= asind(sin_ph)
13     ph_1=asind(sin_ph1)
14     theta=ph_1-ph
15     angle=r1*(sin_ph/sin(theta))
16     s1=sin_ph/sin(theta)
17     s2=d-s1
18     sin_ph2=(1+(s2/r2))*sin(theta)
19     sin_ph3=(sin_ph2)*(n1/n2)
20     ph_2=asind((1+(s2/r2))*sin(theta))
21     ph_3=asind((sin_ph2)*(n1/n2))
22     theta1=ph_3+theta-ph_2
23     angle1=r2*(sin_ph3/sin(theta))

```

```

24     printf("\n \n")
25     printf("\n For h=%d, sin_ph=%f ",h,sin_ph)
26     printf("\n \n")
27     printf("\n For h=%d, sin_ph1=%f ",h,sin_ph1)
28         printf("\n \n")
29         printf("\n \n")
30     printf("\n For h=%d, ph=%f ",h,ph)
31         printf("\n \n")
32     printf("\n For h=%d, ph_1=%f ",h,ph_1)
33         printf("\n \n")
34     printf("\n For h=%d, theta=%f ",h,theta)
35         printf("\n \n")
36     printf("\n For h=%d, angle=%f ",h,angle)
37     printf("\n \n")
38     printf("\n For h=%d, s2=%f ",h,s2)
39     printf("\n \n")
40         printf("\n For h=%d, sin_ph2=%f ",h,
                sin_ph2)
41     printf("\n \n")
42     printf("\n For h=%d, sin_ph3=%f ",h,sin_ph3)
43         printf("\n \n")
44         printf("\n \n")
45     printf("\n For h=%d, ph_2=%f ",h,ph_2)
46         printf("\n \n")
47     printf("\n For h=%d, ph_3=%f ",h,ph_3)
48         printf("\n \n")
49     printf("\n For h=%d, theta1=%f ",h,theta1)
50         printf("\n \n")
51     printf("\n For h=%d, angle1=%f ",h,angle1)
52
53 end

```

---

# Chapter 11

## Vibrations and waves

Scilab code Exa 11.1 Energy in vibrations

```
1  clc
2
3  m=4 //kg
4  x=0.180 //m
5  g=9.80 //m/s^2
6
7  //solution a:
8  F=m*g
9  k=F/x
10 disp(k,"the spring constant k in N/m is=")
11
12 //solution b:
13 T=2*%pi*sqrt(m/k)
14 disp(T,"the period T in sec is=")
15
16 //solution c:
17 v=1/T
18 disp(v,"the frequency v in hz is=")
19
20 //solution d:
21 W=0.5*k*x^2
```

22 `disp(W,"the total energy stored in Nm is=")`

---

### Scilab code Exa 11.2 Displacement

```
1  clc
2
3  T=5// sec
4  a=3// cm
5  alpha=%pi/3
6  w=(2*%pi/T)
7  //solution a:
8  //for
9  t=0//sec
10 y=a*sin(w*t+alpha)
11 disp(y,"y in cm is=")
12
13 //solution b:
14 //for
15 t=12//sec
16 y=a*sin(w*t+alpha)
17 disp(y,"y in cm is=")
```

---