

Scilab Manual for
Digital Signal and Image Processing
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Contents

| | |
|--|----|
| List of Scilab Solutions | 3 |
| 1 To find Linear Convolution, Circular Convolution | 5 |
| 2 To find output of Digital FIR filter using convolution principle | 10 |
| 3 To find DFT/FFT forward and Inverse Transform of Image | 15 |
| 4 To find DWT forward and Inverse Transform of Image | 19 |
| 5 To enhance image using Histogram Equalization | 22 |
| 6 To enhance image using Contrast Stretching | 27 |
| 7 To find edges using LOG and DOG | 32 |
| 8 To find Edges using Prewit/ Sobel/ Fri-chen / Robert operators | 37 |

List of Experiments

| | | |
|--------------|--|----|
| Solution 1.1 | Linear Convolution | 5 |
| Solution 1.2 | Circular Convolution | 7 |
| Solution 2.1 | To design and test the FIR Filter output | 10 |
| Solution 3.1 | DFT and IDFT of 2D Image | 15 |
| Solution 4.1 | DWT and IDWT of 2D Image | 19 |
| Solution 5.1 | Image Enhancement using Histogram Equalization | 22 |
| Solution 6.1 | Image Enhancement using Contrast Stretching . . | 27 |
| Solution 7.1 | Edge Detection using LoG and DoG | 32 |
| Solution 8.1 | Edge Detection using Prewit and Sobel | 37 |
| AP 1 | Lena Gray Image | 42 |
| AP 2 | Lena Image | 43 |
| AP 3 | pout gray image | 44 |
| AP 4 | pout gray image | 45 |
| AP 5 | Cameraman Gray Image | 46 |
| AP 6 | Lena Image | 47 |

List of Figures

| | | |
|-----|--|----|
| 1.1 | Linear Convolution | 6 |
| 2.1 | To design and test the FIR Filter output | 13 |
| 2.2 | To design and test the FIR Filter output | 14 |
| 3.1 | DFT and IDFT of 2D Image | 16 |
| 3.2 | DFT and IDFT of 2D Image | 17 |
| 4.1 | DWT and IDWT of 2D Image | 21 |
| 4.2 | DWT and IDWT of 2D Image | 21 |
| 5.1 | Image Enhancement using Histogram Equalization | 23 |
| 5.2 | Image Enhancement using Histogram Equalization | 24 |
| 6.1 | Image Enhancement using Contrast Stretching | 28 |
| 6.2 | Image Enhancement using Contrast Stretching | 29 |
| 7.1 | Edge Detection using LoG and DoG | 33 |
| 7.2 | Edge Detection using LoG and DoG | 34 |
| 8.1 | Edge Detection using Prewit and Sobel | 38 |
| 8.2 | Edge Detection using Prewit and Sobel | 39 |

Experiment: 1

To find Linear Convolution, Circular Convolution

Scilab code Solution 1.1 Linear Convolution

```
1 //Caption: Program to find the Convolution Sum [  
    Linear Convolution]  
2 //of two discrete sequences  
3 //Software version  
4 //For: OS Windows7 and 8  
5 //Scilab5.4.1 and above  
6 //Image Processing Design Toolbox 8.3.1 and above  
7 //Scilab Image and Video Processing toolbox  
    0.5.3.1-2 and above  
8 //For: OS Ubuntu Linux 14.04 and above  
9 //Scilab5.5.1  
10 //Image Processing Design Toolbox 8.3.1 and above  
11 //Scilab Image and Video Processing toolbox  
    0.5.3.1-2 and above  
12 clear all;  
13 close;  
14 clc;
```

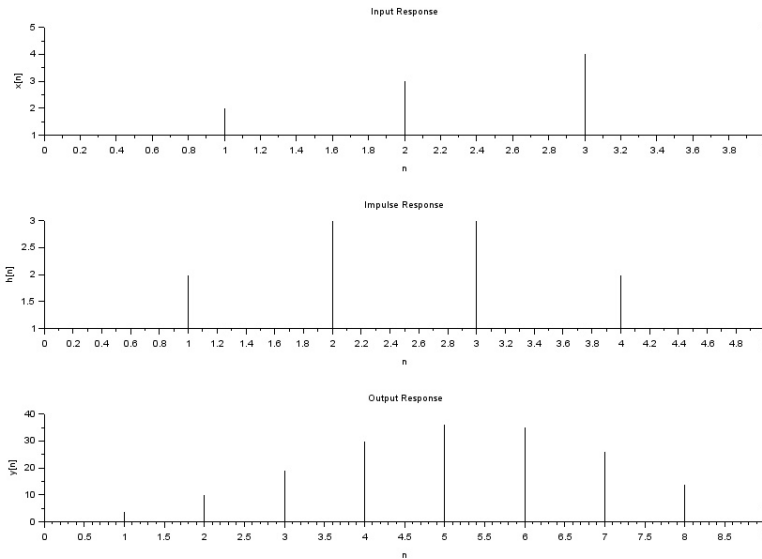


Figure 1.1: Linear Convolution

```

15 h = input('Enter the input sequence1=')
16 //h = [1,2,3,3,2,1];
17 x = input('Enter the input sequence2=')
18 //x = [1,2,3,4,5];
19 y = convol(x,h);
20 for i = 1:length(y)
21     if (y(i)<=0.0001)
22         y(i)=0;
23     end
24 end
25 disp(y, 'Linear Convolution Output y[n]=')
26 subplot(3,1,2)
27 a=gca();
28 a.thickness = 2;
29 plot2d3('gnn',[0:length(h)-1],h)
30 xtitle('Impulse Response','n','h[n]');
31 subplot(3,1,1)
32 a=gca();
33 a.thickness = 2;

```

```

34 plot2d3('ggn',[0:length(x)-1],x)
35 xtitle('Input Response','n','x[n]');
36 subplot(3,1,3)
37 a=gca();
38 a.thickness = 2;
39 plot2d3('ggn',[0:length(y)-1],y)
40 xtitle('Output Response','n','y[n]');
41 //Result
42 //Enter the input sequence1=[1,2,3,3,2,1]
43 //Enter the input sequence2=[1,2,3,4,5]
44 //
45 // Linear Convolution Output y[n]=
46 //
47 //
48 //          column 1 to 8
49 //
50 //      1.      4.      10.      19.      30.      36.      35.
51 //          26.
52 //          column 9 to 10
53 //
54 //      14.      5.
55 //

```

Scilab code Solution 1.2 Circular Convolution

```

1 //Caption: Program to find the Cicrcular Convolution
  of given discrete sequences
2 //Software version
3 //For: OS Windows7 and 8
4 //Scilab5.4.1 and above
5 //Image Processing Design Toolbox 8.3.1 and above
6 //Scilab Image and Video Processing toolbox
  0.5.3.1-2 and above
7 //For: OS Ubuntu Linux 14.04 and above

```



```

8 //Scilab5.5.1
9 //Image Processing Design Toolbox 8.3.1 and above
10 //Scilab Image and Video Processing toolbox
    0.5.3.1-2 and above
11 clear all;
12 clc;
13 x1 = input('Enter the first sequence x1[n]=')
14 x2 = input('Enter the second sequence x2[n]=')
15 //x1 = [1,3,5,7];
16 //x2 = [2,4,6,8];
17 m = length(x1)
18 n = length(x2)
19 a = zeros(1,max(m,n))
20 if (m >n)
21     for i = n+1:m
22         x2(i) = 0;
23     end
24 elseif (n>m)
25     for i = m+1:n
26         x1(i) = 0;
27     end
28 end
29 N = length(x1)
30 x3 = zeros(1,N);
31 a(1) = x2(1);
32 for j = 2:N
33     a(j) = x2(N-j+2);
34 end
35 for i =1:N
36     x3(1) = x3(1)+x1(i)*a(i);
37 end
38 for k = 2:N
39     for j =2:N
40         x2(j) = a(j-1);
41     end
42     x2(1) = a(N);
43     x2
44     for i = 1:N

```

```
45     a(i) = x2(i);
46     x3(k) = x3(k)+x1(i)*a(i);
47 end
48 end
49 disp(x3,'Circular Convolution Result x3 = ')
50 //RESULT
51 //Input Sequence x1 =
52 //
53 //     1.     3.     5.     7.
54 //
55 // Input Sequence x2 =
56 //
57 //     2.     4.     6.     8.
58 //
59 // Circular Convolution Result x3 =
60 //
61 //     84.     92.     84.     60.
```

Experiment: 2

To find output of Digital FIR filter using convolution principle

Scilab code Solution 2.1 To design and test the FIR Filter output

```
1
2 //Caption: To Design an Low Pass FIR Filter and find
   out the output for sine wave
3 //input
4 //Filter Length =5, Order = 4
5 //Window = Hamming Window
6 //Software version
7 //For: OS Windows7 and 8
8 //Scilab5.4.1 and above
9 //Image Processing Design Toolbox 8.3.1 and above
10 //Scilab Image and Video Proccessing toolbox
    0.5.3.1-2 and above
11 //For: OS Ubuntu Linux 14.04 and above
12 //Scilab5.5.1
13 //Image Processing Design Toolbox 8.3.1 and above
14 //Scilab Image and Video Proccessing toolbox
    0.5.3.1-2 and above
```

```

15 clc;
16 clear;
17 xdel(winsid());
18 fc = input("Enter Analog cutoff freq. in Hz=")
19 fs = input("Enter Analog sampling freq. in Hz=")
20 M = input("Enter order of filter =")
21 w = (2*%pi)*(fc/fs);
22 disp(w, 'Digital cutoff frequency in radians.cycles/
    samples');
23 wc = w/%pi;
24 disp(wc, 'Normalized digital cutoff frequency in
    cycles/samples');
25 [wft,wfm,fr]=wfir('lp',M+1,[wc/2,0], 'hm',[0,0]);
26 disp(wft, 'Impulse Response of LPF FIR Filter:h[n]=')
    ;
27 //Plotting the Magnitude Response of LPF FIR Filter
28 subplot(2,1,1)
29 plot(2*fr,abs(wfm)/max(abs(wfm)))
30 xlabel('Normalized Digital Frequency  $w \longrightarrow$ ')
31 ylabel('Magnitude  $|H(w)|=$ ')
32 title('Magnitude Response of FIR LPF')
33 xgrid(1)
34 subplot(2,1,2)
35 plot(fr*fs,abs(wfm)/max(abs(wfm)))
36 xlabel('Analog Frequency in Hz  $f \longrightarrow$ ')
37 ylabel('Magnitude  $|H(w)|=$ ')
38 title('Magnitude Response of FIR LPF')
39 xgrid(1)
40 t = 0:0.01:1;
41 f = fc; //maximum frequency of sine wave
42 A = 5; //Amplitude of sine wave
43 X = A*sin(2*%pi*f*t);
44 N = rand(X)
45 N = N/max(N)
46 X_N = X+N;
47 Y = convol(X_N,wft)
48 figure
49 subplot(3,1,1)

```

```

50 plot(t*f,X)
51 title('FIR Filter input sine wave')
52 xgrid(1)
53 subplot(3,1,2)
54 plot(t,X_N)
55 title('Random Noise+Sine Wave')
56 xgrid(1)
57 subplot(3,1,3)
58 t = 0:1/(length(Y)-1):1
59 plot(t*f,Y)
60 title('FIR Filter output ')
61 xgrid(1)
62 //Example
63 //Note: Use Low cutoff freq inorder to
64 //clearly visible the output waveform
65 //Enter Analog cutoff freq. in Hz=5
66 //Enter Analog sampling freq. in Hz=20
67 //Enter order of filter =4
68 //Digital cutoff frequency in radians.cycles/samples
69 //      1.5707963
70 //Normalized digital cutoff frequency in cycles/
      samples      0.5
71 //Impulse Response of LPF FIR Filter:h[n]=
72 //column 1 to 4
73 // 1.559D-18      0.1718873      0.5      0.1718873
74 //column 5
75 // 1.559D-18

```

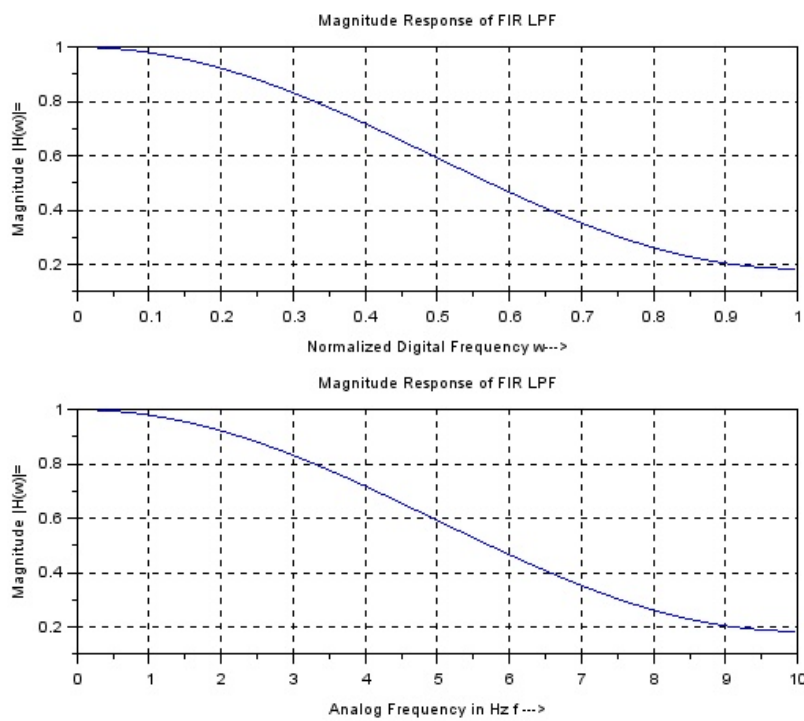


Figure 2.1: To design and test the FIR Filter output

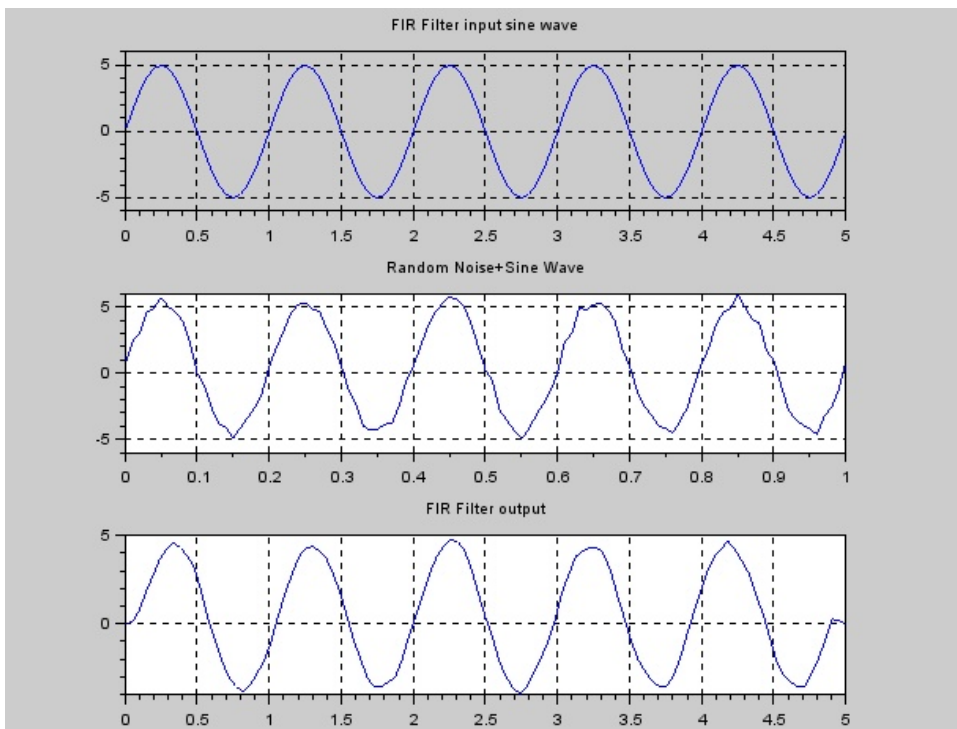


Figure 2.2: To design and test the FIR Filter output

Experiment: 3

To find DFT/FFT forward and Inverse Transform of Image

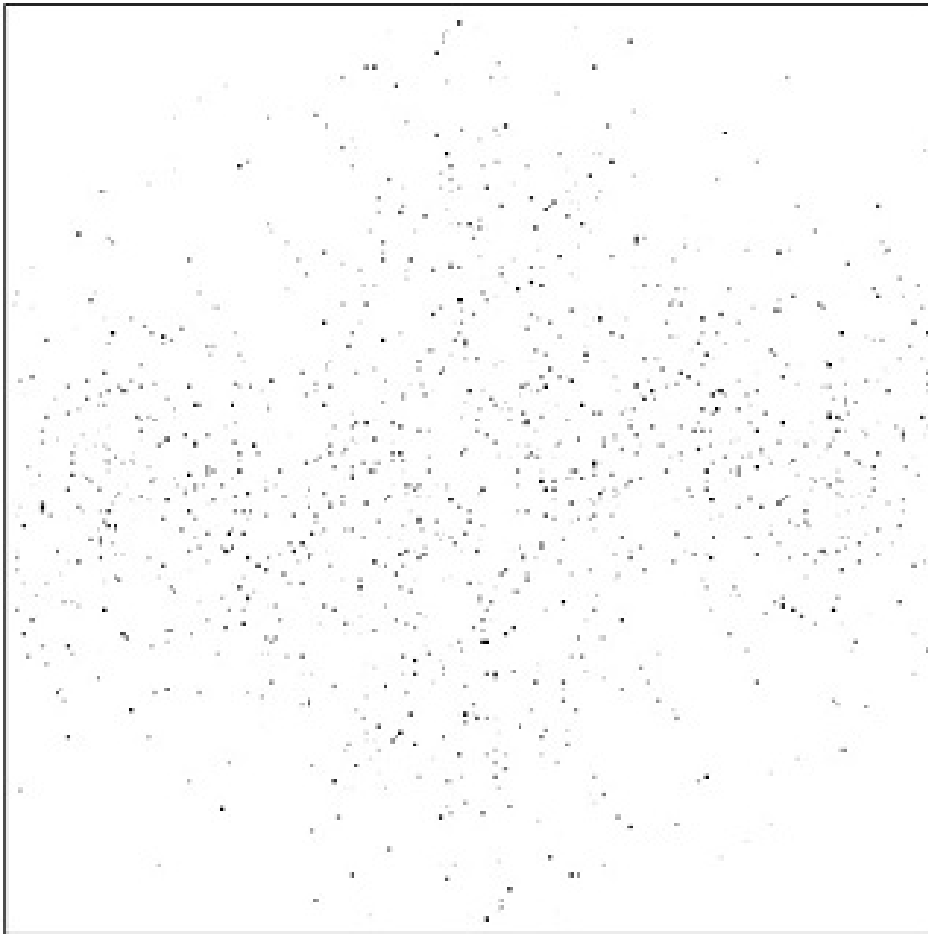
check Appendix [AP 6](#) for dependency:

Exp3lena.jpg

Scilab code Solution 3.1 DFT and IDFT of 2D Image

```
1 //Caption: 2D-Discrete Fourier Transform using
   inbuilt fast fourier transform
2 //function fft2()
3 //Software version
4 //For: OS Windows7 and 8
5 //Scilab5.4.1 and above
6 //Image Processing Design Toolbox 8.3.1 and above
7 //Scilab Image and Video Processing toolbox
   0.5.3.1-2 and above
8 //For: OS Ubuntu Linux 14.04 and above
9 //Scilab5.5.1
```


2D-Discrete Fourier Transform of Lena Image



2D DFT-fftshifted

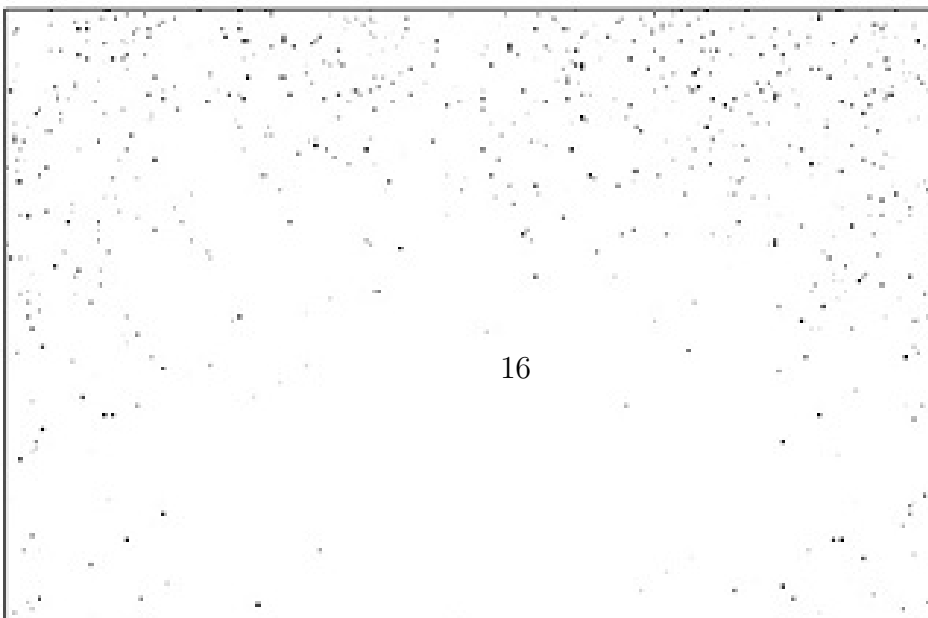




Figure 3.2: DFT and IDFT of 2D Image

```
10 //Image Processing Design Toolbox 8.3.1 and above
11 //Scilab Image and Video Processing toolbox
    0.5.3.1-2 and above
12 //To read and write in the correct folder
13 //change the current directory in scilab console
14 clc;
15 clear;
16 close;
17 a = ReadImage('Exp3lena.jpg');
18 [m,n]= size(a);
19 ShowImage(a,'Original lenna Image');
20 //2D-DFT using FFT
21 A = fft2(double(a));
22 figure(1)
23 ShowImage(abs(A),'2D-Discrete Fourier Transform of
    Lena Image');
24 //fftshifted image
25 B = fftshift(A)
26 figure(2)
```

```
27 ShowImage(abs(B), '2D-Discrete Fourier Transform of
    Lena Image-fftshifted ');
28 //2D-IDFT using FFT
29 a_inv = fft2(A')
30 a_inv = a_inv'/(m*n);
31 figure(3)
32 ShowImage(uint8(abs(a_inv)), '2D-Inverse Discrete
    Fourier Transform ');
```

Experiment: 4

To find DWT forward and Inverse Transform of Image

check Appendix [AP 5](#) for dependency:

Exp4cameraman.jpg

Scilab code Solution 4.1 DWT and IDWT of 2D Image

```
1 //Caption: Scilab code to implement Discrete Wavelet
   Transform
2 //Software version
3 //For: OS Windows7 and 8
4 //Scilab5.4.1 and above
5 //Image Processing Design Toolbox 8.3.1 and above
6 //Scilab Image and Video Processing toolbox
   0.5.3.1-2 and above
7 //For: OS Ubuntu Linux 14.04 and above
8 //Scilab5.5.1
9 //Image Processing Design Toolbox 8.3.1 and above
10 //Scilab Image and Video Processing toolbox
   0.5.3.1-2 and above
11 //To read and write in the correct folder
12 //change the current directory in scilab console
```

```

13 clc;
14 clear;
15 close;
16 //Original Image
17 img = imread('Exp4cameraman.jpg');
18 figure(1)
19 ShowImage(img, 'Original Image')
20 title('Original Image');
21 [p q] = size(img);
22 [CA,CH,CV,CD] = dwt2(double(img), 'db1'); //Compute 2D
      wavelet transform -daubcheis wavelet
23 figure(2)
24 ShowImage(uint8(CA), 'LPF-LPF output')
25 title('LPF-LPF output')
26 figure(3)
27 ShowImage(uint8(CH), 'LPF-HPF output')
28 title('LPF-HPF output')
29 figure(4)
30 ShowImage(uint8(CV), 'HPF-LPF output')
31 title('HPF-LPF output')
32 figure(5)
33 ShowImage(uint8(CD), 'HPF-HPF output')
34 title('HPF-HPF output')
35 img_inv = idwt2(CA,CH,CV,CD, 'db1');
36 img_inv = uint8(img_inv);
37 figure(6)
38 ShowImage(img_inv, 'Reconstructed Image')
39 title('Reconstructed Image')

```

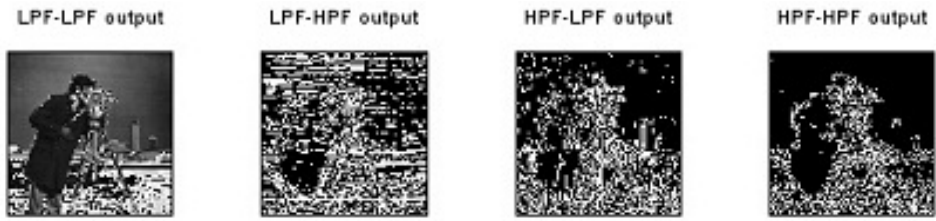


Figure 4.1: DWT and IDWT of 2D Image

Reconstructed Image



Figure 4.2: DWT and IDWT of 2D Image

Experiment: 5

To enhance image using Histogram Equalization

check Appendix [AP 4](#) for dependency:

Exp5pout.jpg

Scilab code Solution 5.1 Image Enhancement using Histogram Equalization

```
1 //Program Title: Image Enhancement – Image Histogram
   Equalisation
2 //For Gray Image
3 //Software version
4 //For: OS Windows7 and 8
5 //Scilab5.4.1 and above
6 //Image Processing Design Toolbox 8.3.1 and above
7 //Scilab Image and Video Processing toolbox
   0.5.3.1–2 and above
8 //For: OS Ubuntu Linux 14.04 and above
```

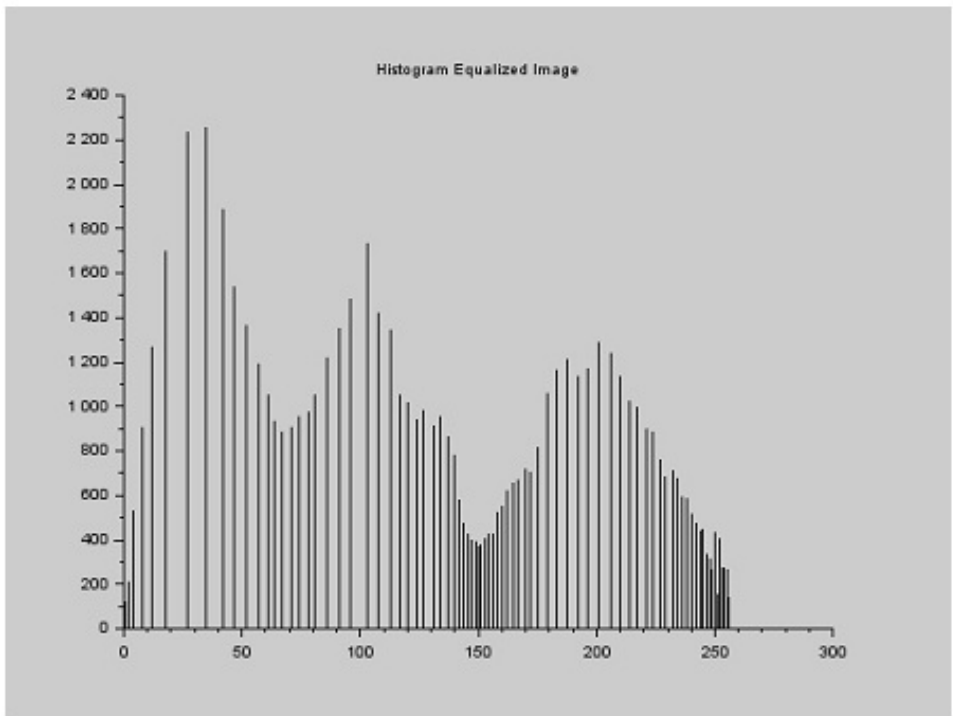
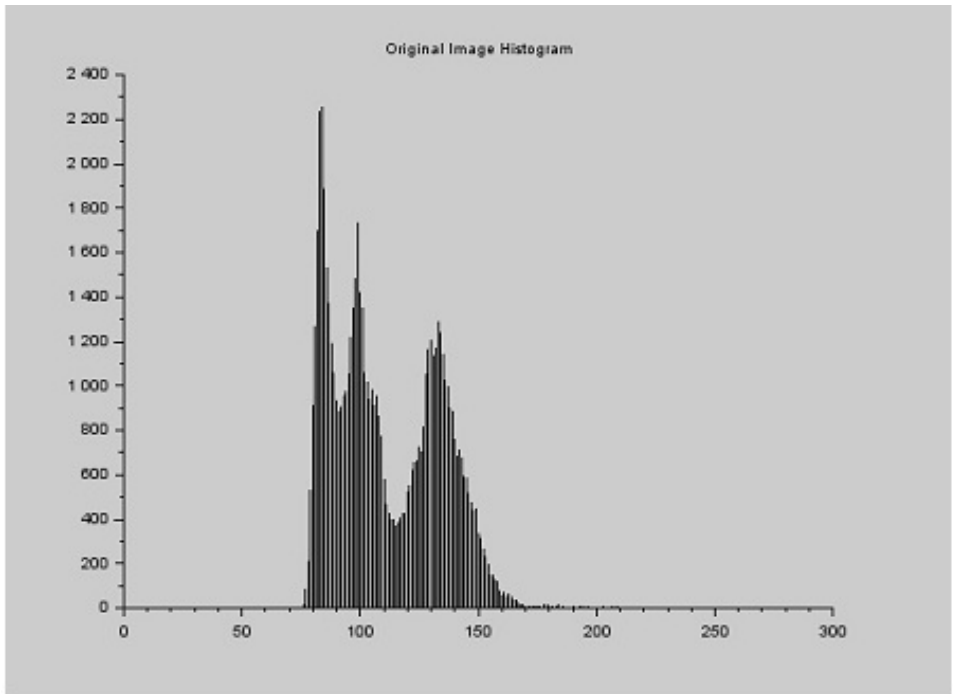


Figure 5.1: Image Enhancement using Histogram Equalization



Figure 5.2: Image Enhancement using Histogram Equalization

```

 9 //Scilab5.5.1
10 //Image Processing Design Toolbox 8.3.1 and above
11 //Scilab Image and Video Processing toolbox
    0.5.3.1-2 and above
12 //To read and write in the correct folder
13 //change the current directory in scilab console
14
15 clc;
16 clear all;
17
18 f=ReadImage('Exp5pout.jpg');// Get image (Keep image
    file in same folder)
19 OrigSize=size(f);//Get size of original image
20 OrigRow=OrigSize(1);//Get number of rows in original
    image
21 OrigCol=OrigSize(2);//Get number of colomns in
    original image
22
23 figure
24 ShowImage(f,'Original Image Pout')
25 WriteImage(f,'Exp6OriginalImagePout.jpg') //Comment
    out if you do not want o/p file to be written on
    disk
26
27 OrigHist=CreateHistogram(uint8(f));// Create
    Histogram
28 figure
29 plot2d3(OrigHist)//Show Histogram
30 title('Original Image Histogram')
31
32 P=OrigHist/(OrigRow*OrigCol);//get average pixel
    value
33
34 C=zeros(1,256);
35
36 for i=2:256
37     C(1,i)=C(1,i-1)+P(1,i);
38 end

```

```
39
40 Cdash = round(C*255);
41
42 EqImage=[] //Empty matrix for output image
43 for i=1:OrigRow
44     for j=1:OrigCol
45         EqImage(i,j)=Cdash(1,f(i,j)+1);
46     end
47 end
48
49 figure
50 ShowImage(uint8(EqImage),'Image Histogram
    Equalisation ')
51 WriteImage(uint8(EqImage),'
    Exp6ImageHistogramEqualisation.jpg') //Comment
    out if you do not want o/p file to be written on
    disk
52
53 EqHist=CreateHistogram(uint8(EqImage)); // Create
    Histogram
54 figure
55 plot2d3(EqHist)//Show Histogram
56 title('Histogram Equalized Image')
```

Experiment: 6

To enhance image using Contrast Stretching

check Appendix [AP 3](#) for dependency:

Exp6Pout.jpg

Scilab code Solution 6.1 Image Enhancement using Contrast Stretching

```
1 //Program Title: Image Enhancement – Image Contrast
   Stretching
2 //For Gray Image
3 //Sample Input:–
4 //Set value r1 (0<r1<255):75
5 //Set value r2 (r1<r2<255):175
6 //Set value s1 (0<s1<255):10
7 //Set value s2 (s1<s2<255):245
8 //Software version
9 //For: OS Windows7 and 8
10 //Scilab5.4.1 and above
```

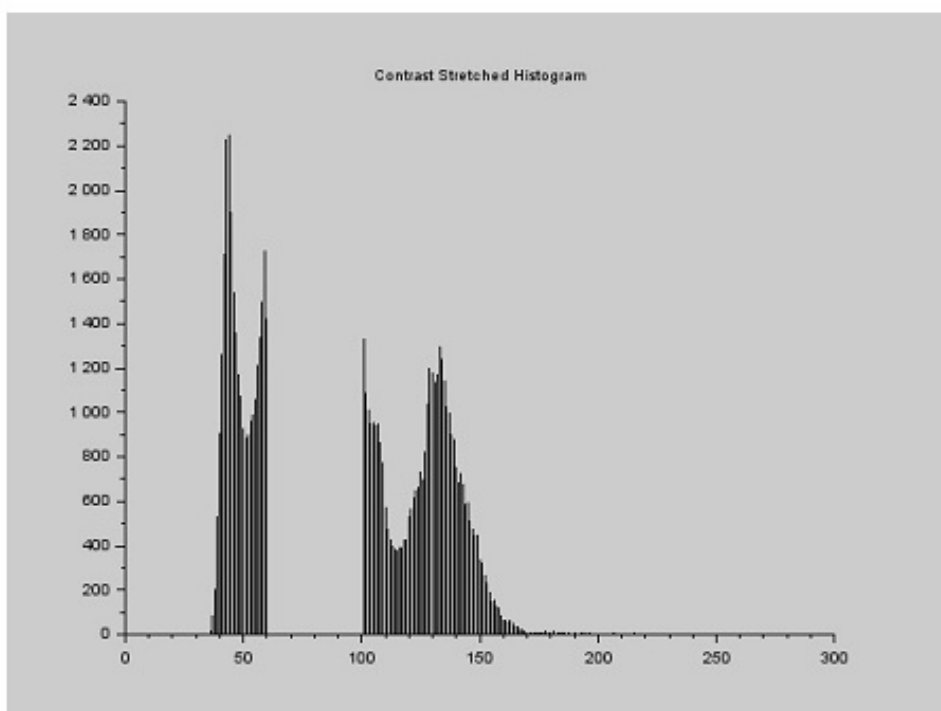
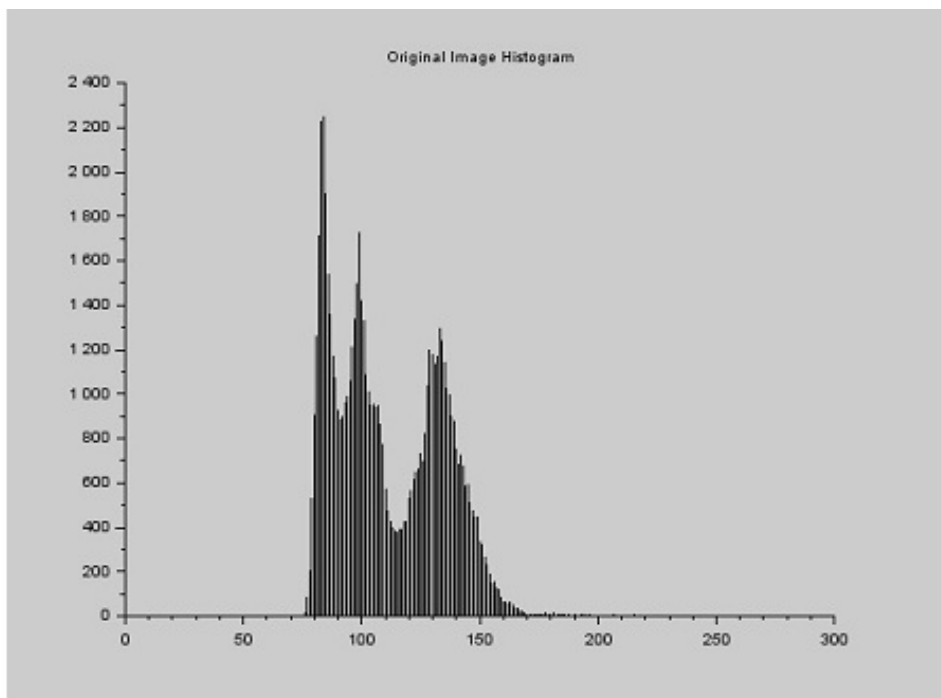


Figure 6.1: Image Enhancement using Contrast Stretching



Figure 6.2: Image Enhancement using Contrast Stretching

```

11 //Image Processing Design Toolbox 8.3.1 and above
12 //Scilab Image and Video Processing toolbox
    0.5.3.1-2 and above
13 //For: OS Ubuntu Linux 14.04 and above
14 //Scilab5.5.1
15 //Image Processing Design Toolbox 8.3.1 and above
16 //Scilab Image and Video Processing toolbox
    0.5.3.1-2 and above
17 //To read and write in the correct folder
18 //change the current directory in scilab console
19
20 clc;
21 clear all;
22
23 f=ReadImage('Exp6pout.jpg');// Get image as 16 bit
    unsigned integer
24 OrigSize=size(f);//Get size of original image
25 OrigRow=OrigSize(1);//Get number of rows in original
    image
26 OrigCol=OrigSize(2);//Get number of colomns in
    original image
27
28 figure
29 ShowImage(f,'Original Image Pout')
30 WriteImage(f,'OriginalImagePout.jpg') //Comment out
    if you do not want o/p file to be written on disk
31
32 OrigHist=CreateHistogram(uint8(f));//Create
    Histogram
33 figure
34 plot2d3(OrigHist)//Show Histogram
35 title('Original Image Histogram')
36
37 //Image Contrast Stretching
38
39 disp('Image Contrast Stretching')
40 r1=input('Set value r1 (0<r1<255):');
41 r2=input('Set value r2 (r1<r2<255:');

```

```

42 s1=input('Set value s1 (0<s1<255):');
43 s2=input('Set value s2 (s1<s2<255:');
44
45 Alpha=s1/r1;
46 Beta=(s2-s1)/(r2-r1);
47 Gamma=(255-s2)/(255-r2);
48
49 ContStr=[];//Empty matrix for output image
50
51 for x=1:OrigRow
52     for y=1:OrigCol
53         if f(x,y)<r1 then;
54             ContStr(x,y)=Alpha*f(x,y);
55         elseif (f(x,y)>r1)&(f(x,y)<r2);
56             ContStr(x,y)=Beta*(f(x,y)-r1)+s1;
57         else f(x,y)>r2;
58             ContStr(x,y)=Gamma*(f(x,y)-r2)+s2;
59         end
60     end
61 end
62
63 figure
64 ShowImage(uint8(ContStr),'Exp5 Image Contrast
        Stretching')
65 WriteImage(uint8(ContStr),'
        Exp5ImageContrastStretching.jpg')
66 ContStrHist=CreateHistogram(uint8(ContStr));//Create
        Histogram
67 figure
68 plot2d3(ContStrHist)//Show Histogram
69 title('Contrast Stretched Histogram')
70 //Result
71 //Image Contrast Stretching
72 //Set value r1 (0<r1<255):50
73 //Set value r2 (r1<r2<255: 100
74 //Set value s1 (0<s1<255):10
75 //Set value s2 (s1<s2<255: 100

```

Experiment: 7

To find edges using LOG and DOG

check Appendix [AP 2](#) for dependency:

Exp7lena.jpg

Scilab code Solution 7.1 Edge Detection using LoG and DoG

```
1 //Caption: Scilab code for Edge Detection using
   Different Edge detectors
2 //[1]LoG [2] DoG
3 //Software version
4 //For: OS Windows7 and 8
5 //Scilab5.4.1 and above
6 //Image Processing Design Toolbox 8.3.1 and above
7 //Scilab Image and Video Processing toolbox
   0.5.3.1-2 and above
8 //For: OS Ubuntu Linux 14.04 and above
9 //Scilab5.5.1
```



Figure 7.1: Edge Detection using LoG and DoG



Figure 7.2: Edge Detection using LoG and DoG

```

10 //Image Processing Design Toolbox 8.3.1 and above
11 //Scilab Image and Video Processing toolbox
    0.5.3.1-2 and above
12 //To read and write in the correct folder
13 //change the current directory in scilab console
14 close;
15 a = imread('Exp7lena.jpg');
16 //LAPLACIAN OF GAUSSIAN
    //////////////////////////////////////
17 [c,thresh] = edge(a,'log',0.2,'both',2);
18 //d = edge(a,'prewitt');
19 ShowImage(a,'Original Image')
20 title('Original Image')
21 figure
22 ShowImage(c,'Edge Detected Image-LoG')
23 //
    //////////////////////////////////////

24 //DERIVATIVE OF GAUSSIAN FUNCTION
25 function [mask]=DoG(op1,op2)
26     //If op1 and op2 are not specified -Default size
        3x3
27     if isempty(op1) then
28         siz = [3,3];
29     else
30         if length(op1)==1 then
31             siz = [op1, op1];
32         elseif length(op1)==2 then
33             siz = op1;
34         else
35             error("The second argument should have 1
                or 2 elements for gaussian filter");
36         end
37     end
38     //set std for the filter
39     if isempty(op2) then
40         g_std = 0.5;
41     else

```

```

42     if length(op2)>1 then
43         error("The third argument should have
              only 1 element for gaussian filter");
44     else
45         g_std = op2;
46     end
47 end
48 sizx = (siz(2)-1)/2;
49 sizy = (siz(1)-1)/2;
50 x2 = ones(siz(1),1) * ([-sizx:sizx]^2);
51 y2 = ([-sizy:sizy]^2)' * ones(1, siz(2));
52 r = sqrt(x2+y2);
53 sigma = g_std;
54 F = (1/(sigma^2))*(((r.*r)/sigma^2)-1).*exp(-r
      .*r/2*sigma^2);
55 F(F<%eps*max(F)) = 0;
56 sumF=sum(F);
57 if sumF~=0 then
58     F = F / sum(F);
59 end
60 mask = F;
61 endfunction
62 mask = DoG([],[]);
63 mx=filter2(mask,a);
64 my=filter2(mask',a);
65 border=sqrt(mx.*mx + my.*my);
66 if thresh >=0 then
67     scale_thresh = min(border) * (1-thresh) + max(
        border)*thresh;
68     border=border > scale_thresh;
69 end
70 d = border;
71 //
        //////////////////////////////////////
72 figure
73 ShowImage(d,'Edge Detected Image-DoG')

```

Experiment: 8

To find Edges using Prewit/ Sobel/ Fri-chen / Robert operators

check Appendix [AP 1](#) for dependency:

Exp8lena.jpg

Scilab code Solution 8.1 Edge Detection using Prewit and Sobel

```
1 //Caption: Scilab code for Edge Detection using
   Different Edge detectors
2 //[1]. Sobel [2].Prewitt
3 //Roberts and Fr-Chen edge detection operators are
   not available in this atom
4 //Software version
5 //For: OS Windows7 and 8
6 //Scilab5.4.1 and above
7 //Image Processing Design Toolbox 8.3.1 and above
```



Figure 8.1: Edge Detection using Prewit and Sobel



Figure 8.2: Edge Detection using Prewit and Sobel


```
8 //Scilab Image and Video Processing toolbox
   0.5.3.1-2 and above
9 //For: OS Ubuntu Linux 14.04 and above
10 //Scilab5.5.1
11 //Image Processing Design Toolbox 8.3.1 and above
12 //Scilab Image and Video Processing toolbox
   0.5.3.1-2 and above
13 ////To read and write in the correct folder
14 //change the current directory in scilab console
15 close;
16 a = imread('Exp8lena.jpg');
17 c = edge(a, 'sobel');
18 d = edge(a, 'prewitt');
19 ShowImage(a, 'Original Image')
20 title('Original Image')
21 figure
22 ShowImage(c, 'Edge Detected Image-Sobel')
23 figure
24 ShowImage(d, 'Edge Detected Image-Prewitt')
```

Appendix



Lena

Gray Image



Lena

Image



gray image

pout



gray image

pout



Cameraman Gray Image



Lena

Image