

Scilab Manual for
Radio Frequency Circuit Design
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Experiment: 1

To plot frequency response of high frequency resistor

Scilab code Solution 1.1 To plot frequency response of high frequency resistor

```
1 //To plot the frequency response of high frequency
   Resistor
2 //Scilab 5.4.1;64 bit (windows 8)
3 f=10^4:10^5:10^10;
4 w=2*%pi.*f;
5 mu0=4*%pi*10^-7;
6 l=2*2.5*10^-2;
7 a=2.032*10^-4;
8 temp=log(2*l/a)/log(%e);
9 lex=mu0*l*(temp-1)/(2*%pi); //external inductance
10 r=2*10^3; // resistance
11 c=5*10^-12; //capacitance
12 z=w*lex*%i+1./(w*c*%i+1/r); //impedance
13 plot2d("gll",f,abs(z));
```

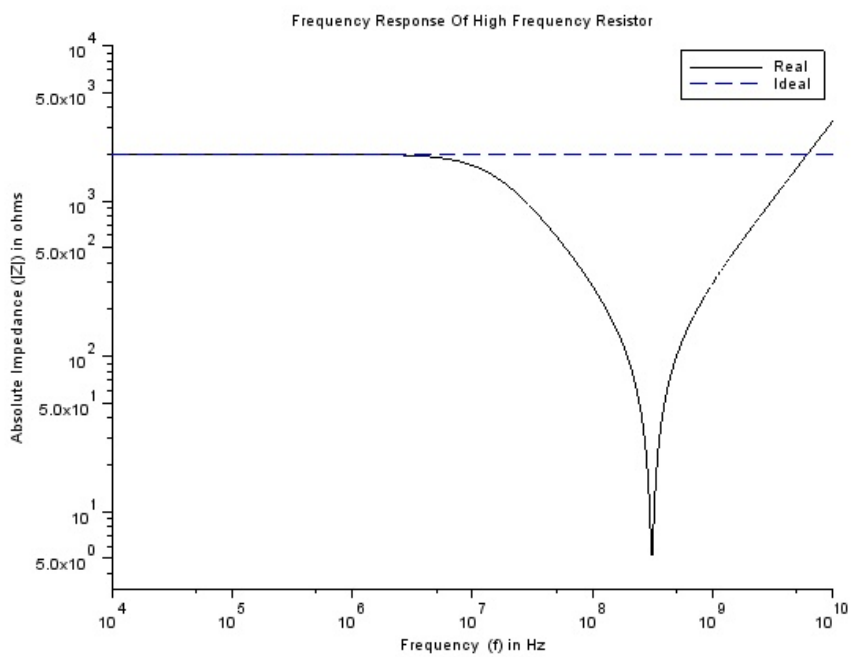


Figure 1.1: To plot frequency response of high frequency resistor

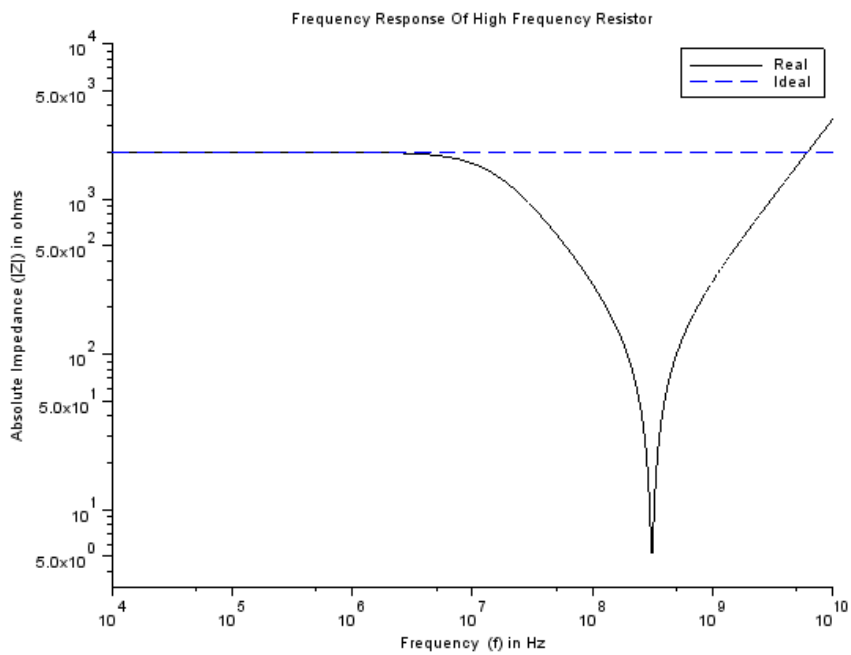


Figure 1.2: To plot frequency response of high frequency resistor


```
14 plot(f,r,"—");
15 title("Frequency Response Of High Frequency Resistor
      ");
16 xlabel('Frequency (f) in Hz');
17 ylabel('Absolute Impedance (|Z|) in ohms');
18 legend(["Real "; "Ideal"]);
```

Experiment: 2

To plot frequency response of high frequency capacitor

Scilab code Solution 2.1 To plot frequency response of high frequency capacitor

```
1 //To plot frequency response of hgh frequency
   Capacitor
2 //Scilab 5.4.1;64 bit (windows 8)
3 f=10^6:10^7:10^10;
4 rs=(4.8*10^-6).*sqrt(f);
5 re=(33.9*10^12) ./f;
6 mu0=4*%pi*10^-7;
7 c=47*10^-12;
8 w=2*%pi.*f;
9 l=2*1.25*10^-2;
10 a=2.032*10^-4;
11 temp=log(2*l/a)/log(%e);
12 lex=mu0*l*(temp-1)/(2*%pi);           //external
    inductance
```

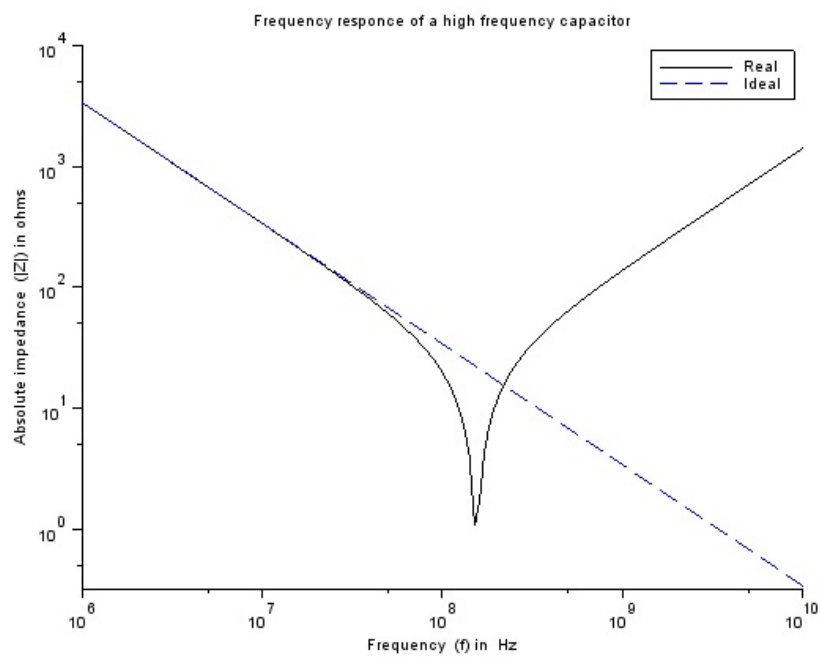


Figure 2.1: To plot frequency response of high frequency capacitor

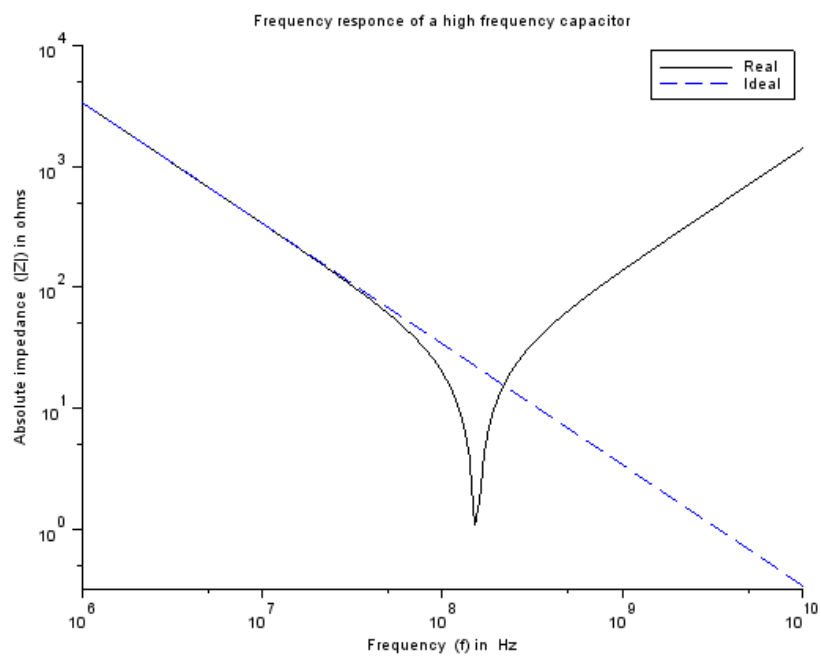


Figure 2.2: To plot frequency response of high frequency capacitor

```

13 z=1 ./ (1 ./re +w*c*%i)+rs+w.*lex*%i; // impedance of
    frequency dependent capacitor
14 zideal=1 ./ (w*c*%i); //impedance of an ideal
    capacitor
15 plot2d("gll",f,abs(z));
16 plot(f,abs(zideal),"—");
17 title("Frequency responce of a high frequency
    capacitor");
18 xlabel('Frequency (f) in Hz');
19 ylabel('Absolute impedance (|Z|) in ohms');
20 legend(["Real "; "Ideal"]);

```

Experiment: 3

To plot frequency response of high frequency inductor

Scilab code Solution 3.1 To plot frequency response of high frequency inductor

```
1 //To plot frequency response of high frequency
   Inductor
2 //Scilab 5.4.1;64 bit (windows 8)
3 f=10^7:10^8:10^10;
4 w=2*%pi.*f;
5 N=3.5;           //number of turns
6 rad=0.05*0.0254;
7 len=0.05*0.0254; //length of wire
8 a=(5*0.0254*10^-3)/2;
9 u0=4*%pi*10^-7;
10 sig_cu=64.516*10^6;
11 e0=8.854*10^-12;
12 l=(%pi*rad^2*u0*(N^2))/len;
13 c=(e0*4*%pi*rad*(N^2)*a)/len;
```

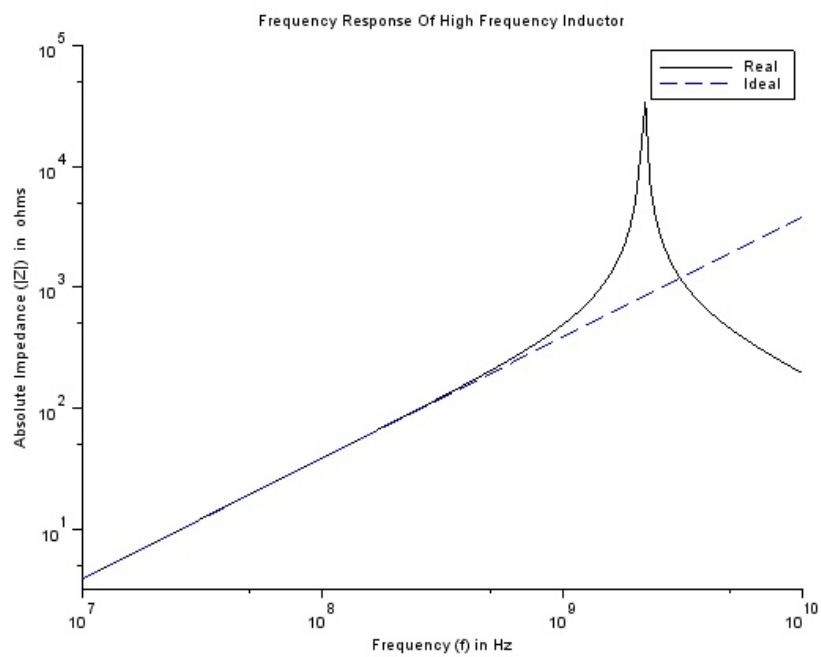


Figure 3.1: To plot frequency response of high frequency inductor

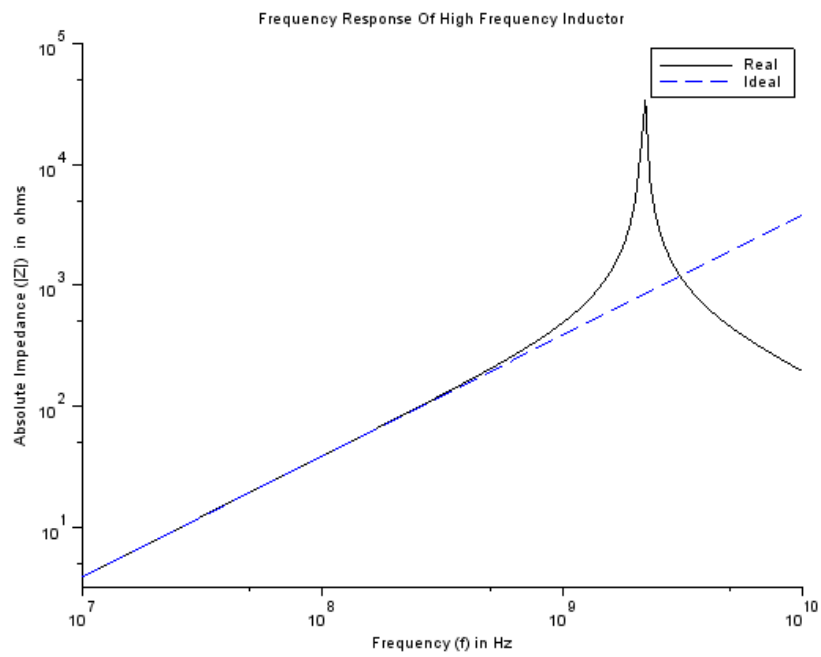


Figure 3.2: To plot frequency response of high frequency inductor


```

14 r=(2*rad*N)/(sig_cu*(a^2));
15 z=1 ./((1 ./ (r+w*i*l))+w*i*c); //impedance
16 zideal=w*i.*l; //impedance of an
    ideal inductor
17 plot2d("gll",f,abs(z));
18 plot(f,abs(zideal),"—");
19 title("Frequency Response Of High Frequency Inductor
    ");
20 xlabel('Frequency (f) in Hz');
21 ylabel('Absolute Impedance (|Z|) in ohms');
22 legend(["Real "; "Ideal"]);

```

Experiment: 4

To plot SWR circle for an impedance

Scilab code Solution 4.1 To plot SWR circle for an impedance

```
1 //To plot SWR circle for the impedance
2 //Scilab 5.4.1;64 bit(windows 8)
3 Z0=50; //define 50 Ohm characteristic impedance
4 Z=[50 48.5 75+%i*25 10-%i*5]; //define impedances
   for this example
5 Gamma=(Z-Z0)./(Z+Z0) //compute corresponding
   reflection coefficients
6 SWR=(1+abs(Gamma))./(1-abs(Gamma)); //find the SWRs
7 a=0:0.01:2*%pi;
8 for n=1:length(Z)
9
10 plot(abs(Gamma(n))*cos(a),abs(Gamma(n))*sin(a),'b',',
    linewidth',2);
11 plot(real(Gamma(n)), imag(Gamma(n)),'ro');
12 end;
```

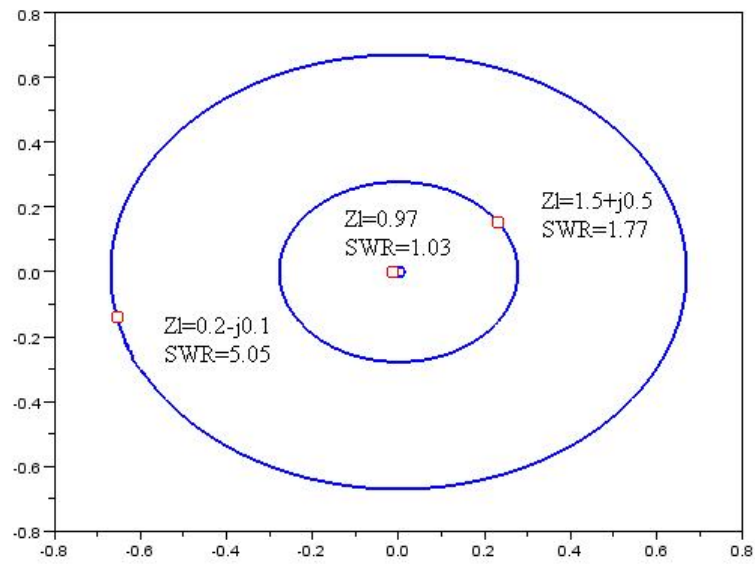


Figure 4.1: To plot SWR circle for an impedance

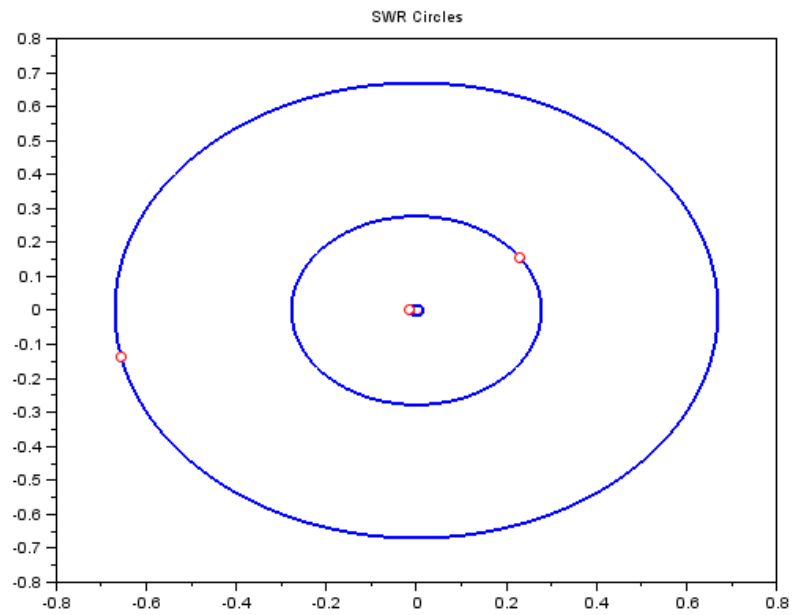


Figure 4.2: To plot SWR circle for an impedance

```
13
14 for n=1:length(Z)
15     if n~=1
16         end;
17 end;
18 title("SWR Circles");
```

Experiment: 5

To plot efficiency of different types of amplifiers

Scilab code Solution 5.1 To plot efficiency of different types of amplifiers

```
1 //To plot efficiency of different types of
   amplifiers
2 //Scilab 5.4.1;64 bit(windows 8)
3 theta=(1:1:360)/180*%pi; //define conduction angle
4
5 //compute efficiency
6 nu=-1/2*(theta-sin(theta))./(theta.*cos(theta/2)-2*
   sin(theta/2));
7
8 plot(theta/%pi*180,nu*100,'r','linewidth',2);
9 set(gca(),"auto_clear","off");
10 plot([0 180],[%pi/4*100 %pi/4*100],'b:');
11 plot([180 180],[0 %pi/4*100],'b:');
12 plot(180,%pi/4*100,'bo');
13 plot(360,50,'bo');
```

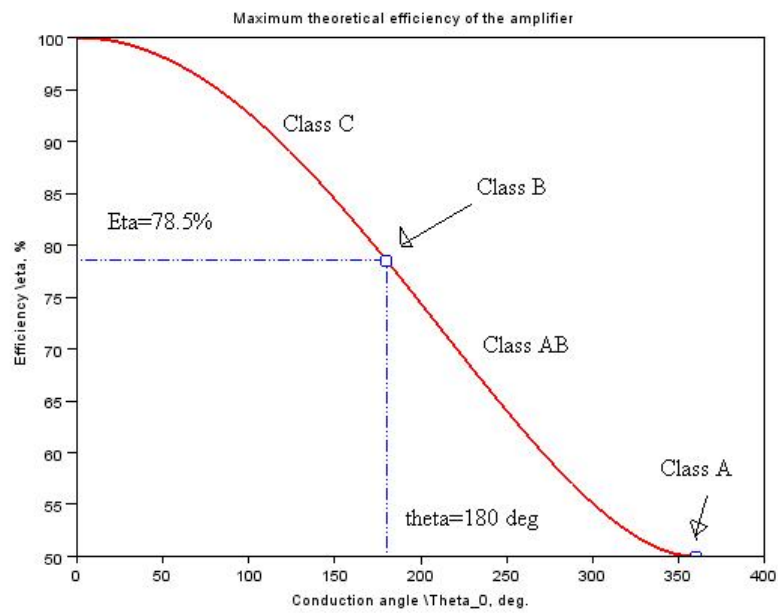


Figure 5.1: To plot efficiency of different types of amplifiers

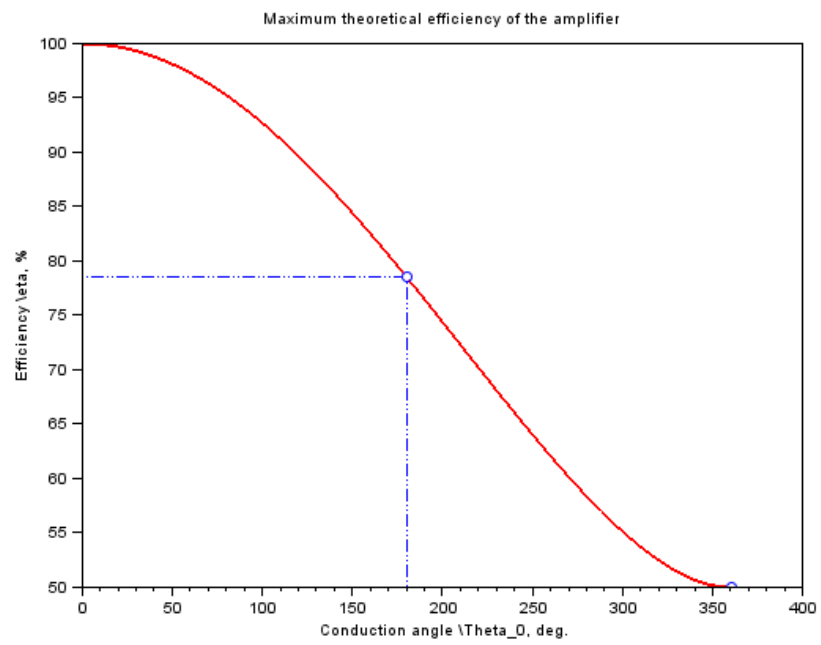


Figure 5.2: To plot efficiency of different types of amplifiers


```
14 mtlb_axis([0 360 50 100]);
15 title('Maximum theoretical efficiency of the
    amplifier ');
16 xlabel('Conduction angle \Theta_0, deg. ');
17 ylabel('Efficiency \eta, %');
```
