Scilab Manual for Simulation Lab by Dr Santosh Desai Instrumentation Engineering BMS College of Engineering, Bangalore[1]

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Contents

List of Scilab Solutions 3

1 Transient response of first order system - using programming 5

2 Transient response of second order system - using programming 8

3 Transient response of first order system - using Xcos 12

4 Transient response of second order system - using Xcos 14

5 Solution of branch current and voltages for a given circuit by applying KCL & KVL 16

List of Experiments

Solution 1.1	Transient response of first order system using programming	5
Solution 2.2	Transient response of second order system using programming	8
Solution 5.5	Current in a circuit using KVL KCL	16

List of Figures

1.1 Transient response of first order system using programming . 7

2.1 Transient response of second order system using programming 11

3.1 Step Response of RC Circuit using Xcos 13
3.2 Step Response of RC Circuit using Xcos 13

4.1 Step response of second order system using xcos 15
4.2 Step response of second order system using xcos 15

5.1 Current in a circuit using KVL KCL 17
5.2 Current in a circuit using KVL KCL 18

Experiment: 1

Transient response of first order system - using programming

Scilab code Solution 1.1 Transient response of first order system using programming

```
1  //windows OS(10/7/8.1) . Scilab 6.0.1 (64-bit)
2  //toolbox null
3
4  // Transient response of RC Network using output
       equation method
5
6  clc
7  clear
8
9  R=500                                    // Resistance
       in a network
10 Ei=5                                     // Amplitude
       of input step signal
11 t=0:0.001:1;
12
13 //Case-1:
14 C1=10e-6                                 // Capacitance
       value in RC circuit 10uF provided by user
```

```
15 Y1=R*C1
16 E1=Ei*(1-exp(-t/Y1))                    // Formula for
      output voltage across capacitor
17 xlabel('Time')                          //Leveling x axis
       as time
18 ylabel('Output voltage(V)')              //Leveling y
      axis as output voltage
19 title('Transient Response of RC circuit at Different
       Capacitance')     //Title of Graph
20 plot(t,E1)                               //Output
      Response with respect to time
21 plot(E1,"b")                            //Blue colour at
      C1
22
23 //Case-2:
24 C2=100e-6                                        //
      Cacitance value in RC circuit 100uF provided by
      user
25 Y2=R*C2
26 E2=Ei*(1-exp(-t/Y2))                     // For output
      voltage across capacitor
27 xlabel('Time(s)')                              //Leveling
       x axis as time
28 ylabel('Output voltage(V)')              //Leveling y
      axis as output voltage
29 plot(t,E2)
30 plot(E2,"g")                           //Green colour at C2
31
32 //Cse-3:
33 C3=200e-6                            // Cacitance value in
       RC circuit 200uF provided by user
34 Y3=R*C3
35 E3=Ei*(1-exp(-t/Y3))                     // For output
      voltage across capacitor
36 xlabel('Time(s)')                        //Leveling x
      axis as time
37 ylabel('Output voltage(V)')              //Leveling y
      axis as output voltage
```

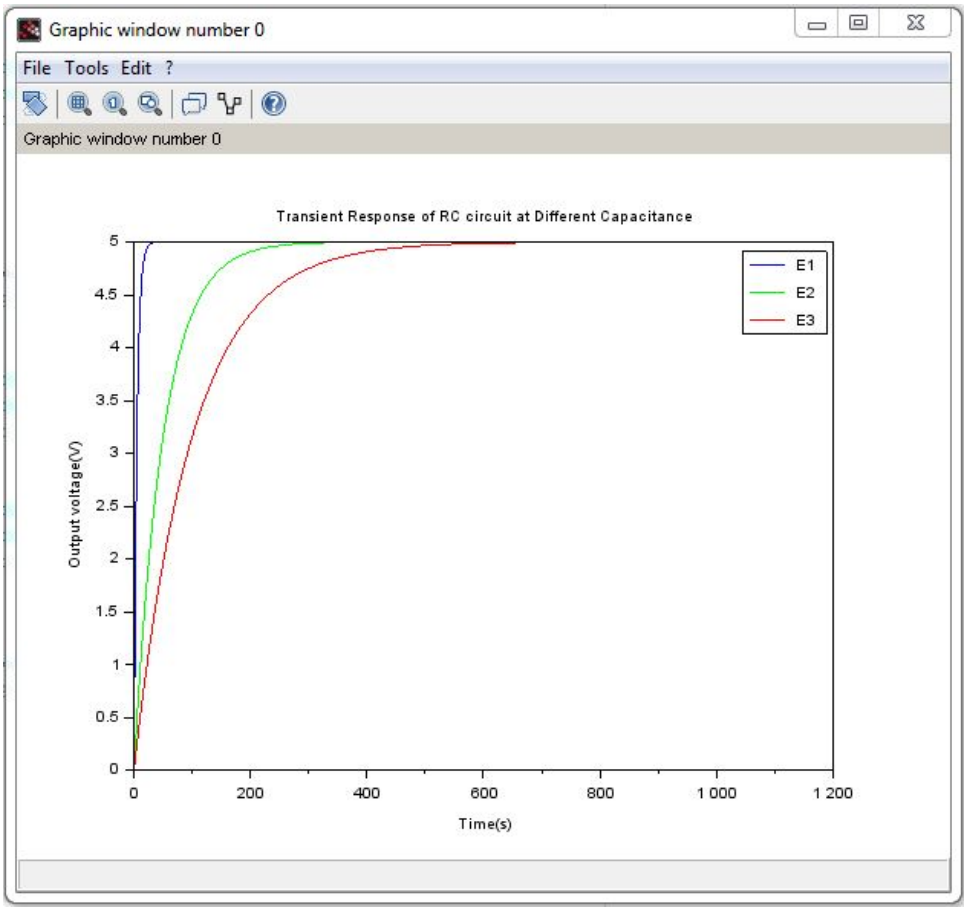


Figure 1.1: Transient response of first order system using programming

```
38 plot(t,E3)
39 plot(E3,"r")                                    //Red
      colour at C3
40
41 legends(['E1';'E2';'E3'],[2,3,5],opt=1)         //Legend
42 xgrid(1)                                        //Grid
```

Experiment: 2

Transient response of second order system - using programming

Scilab code Solution 2.2 Transient response of second order system using programming

```
1 //windows 10 . Scilab 6.0.1 (64-bit)
2 //toolbox null
3
4 //Transient resoponse of second order system example
      RLC circuit
5 //zeta is damping ratio given by user
6 //If 0< zeta <1, Damped System
7 //If zeta=1, Critically Damped System
8 //If zeta >1, Over Damped System
9 //If zeta=o, Undamped System
10 //wn is the system's natural frequency provided by
     user
11
12
13 clc
14 clear
```

```
15 t=0:0.002:1
16 wn=100;
17
18 xlabel('Time')                          //Leveling x axis
       as time
19 ylabel('Output voltage(V)')              //Leveling y
      axis as output voltage
20 title('Transient Response of Second order System')
         //Title of Graph
21 //for under damped system
22 zeta=0.2
23     phi=acos(zeta);
24     b=sin((wn*sqrt(1-zeta^2)*t)+phi);
25     C=1-(1/sqrt(1-zeta^2))*(exp(-zeta*wn*t).*b)
          //output equation
26     plot(t,C);
27     plot(C,"b")                  // ouput waveform in
          blue colour
28
29
30 //for over damped system
31 zeta1=5
32     phi1=acos(zeta1);
33     b1=sin((wn*sqrt(1-zeta1^2)*t)+phi1);
34     C1=1-(1/sqrt(1-zeta1^2))*(exp(-zeta1*wn*t).*b1)
35     plot(t,C1);
36     plot(C1,"y")                   //ouput waveform in
          yellow colour
37
38
39 //for critically damped system
40 zeta2=0.999999
41     phi2=acos(zeta2);
42     b2=sin((wn*sqrt(1-zeta2^2)*t)+phi2);
43     C2=1-(1/sqrt(1-zeta2^2))*(exp(-zeta2*wn*t).*b2)
44     plot(t,C2);
45     plot(C2,"r")                   //ouput waveform in
          red colour
```

```
46
47
48 //for undamped system
49 zeta3=0
50     phi3=acos(zeta3);
51     b3=sin((wn*sqrt(1-zeta3^2)*t)+phi3);
52     C3=1-(1/sqrt(1-zeta3^2))*(exp(-zeta3*wn*t).*b3)
53     plot(t,C3);
54     plot(C3,"g")                    //ouput waveform
          in green colour
55
56
57 legends(['C';'C1';'C2';'C3'],[2,7,5,3],opt=1)     //
     Legend
58 //xgrid(1)                                        //Grid
```

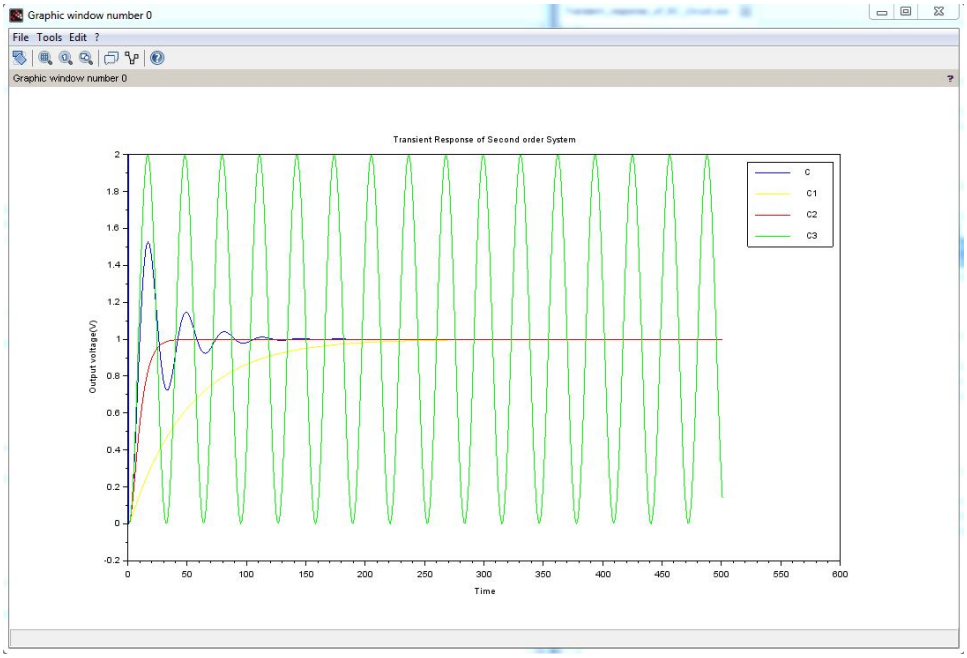


Figure 2.1: Transient response of second order system using programming

Experiment: 3

Transient response of first order system - using Xcos

This code can be downloaded from the website wwww.scilab.in

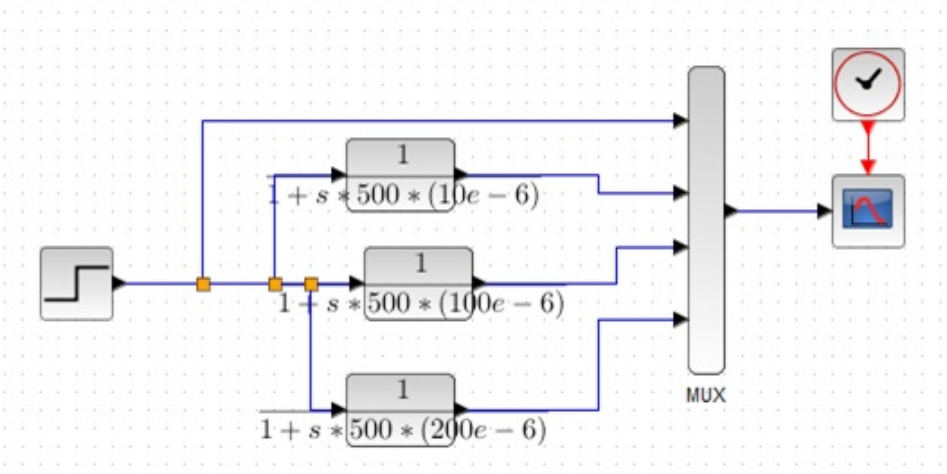


Figure 3.1: Step Response of RC Circuit using Xcos

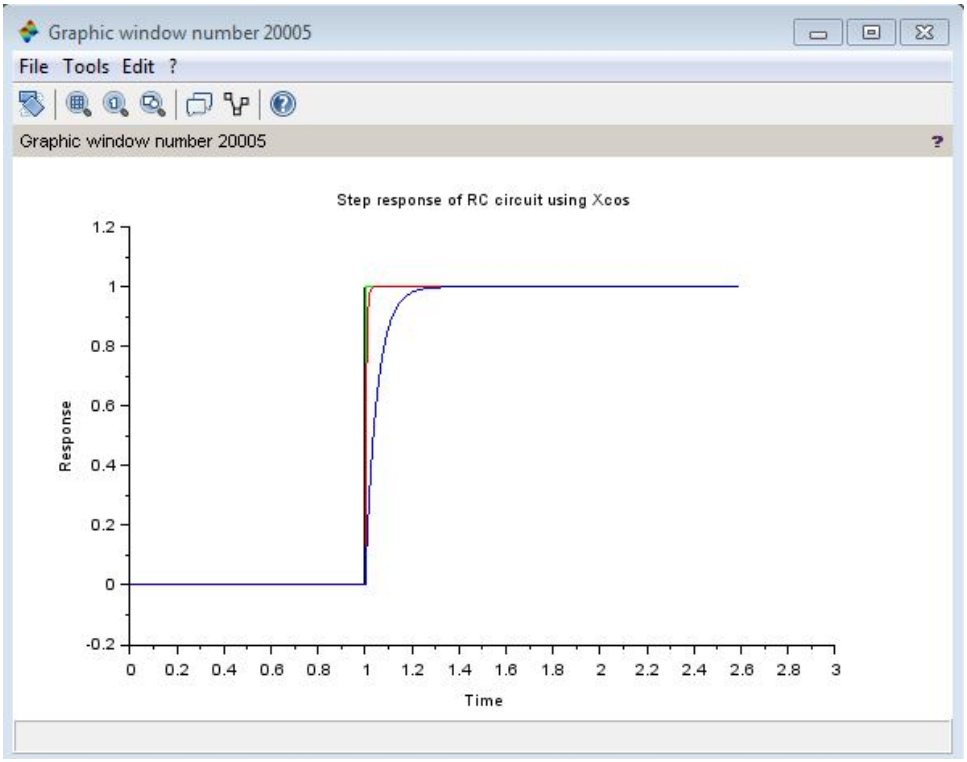


Figure 3.2: Step Response of RC Circuit using Xcos

Experiment: 4

Transient response of second order system - using Xcos

This code can be downloaded from the website wwww.scilab.in

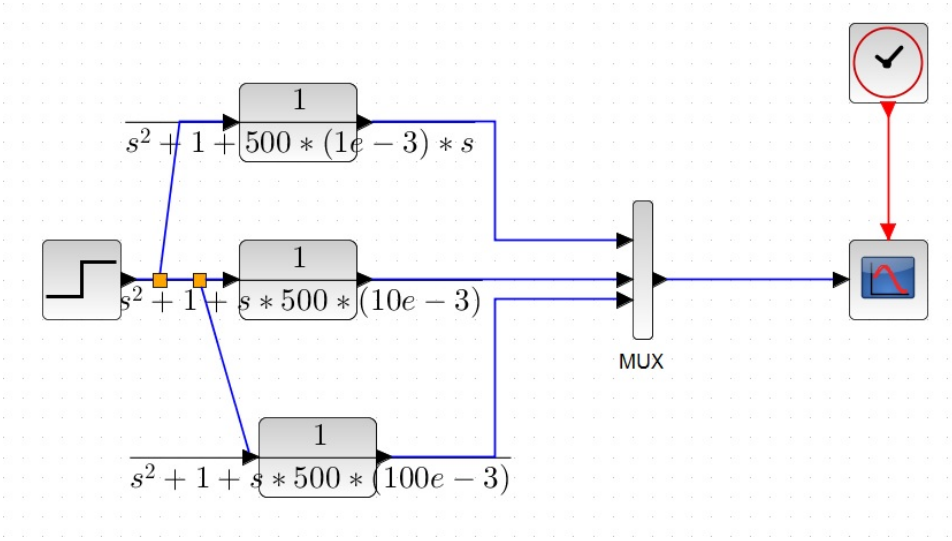


Figure 4.1: Step response of second order system using xcos

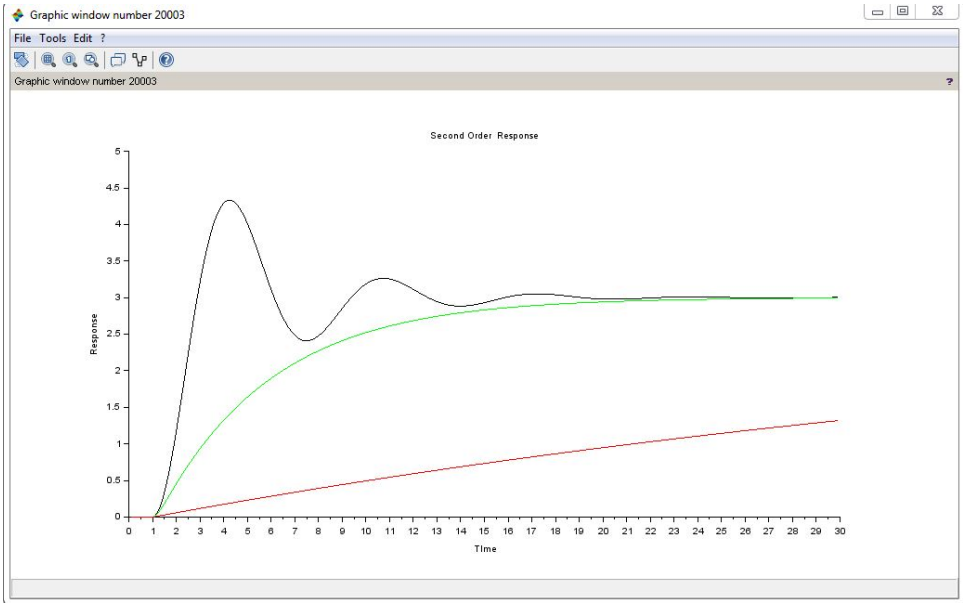


Figure 4.2: Step response of second order system using xcos

Experiment: 5

Solution of branch current and voltages for a given circuit by applying KCL & KVL

Scilab code Solution 5.5 Current in a circuit using KVL KCL

```
1 //windows 10 . Scilab 6.0.1 (64-BIT)
2 //toolbox null
3 // Find current in a circuit using KVL
4 //Current in Wheatstones's bridge using Cramer's
    Rule
5 //The value of V and R is provided by user
6 //V and R written in matrix form
7 //Same direction of current takes positive sign else
    negative
8
9
10 clc
11 clear
```

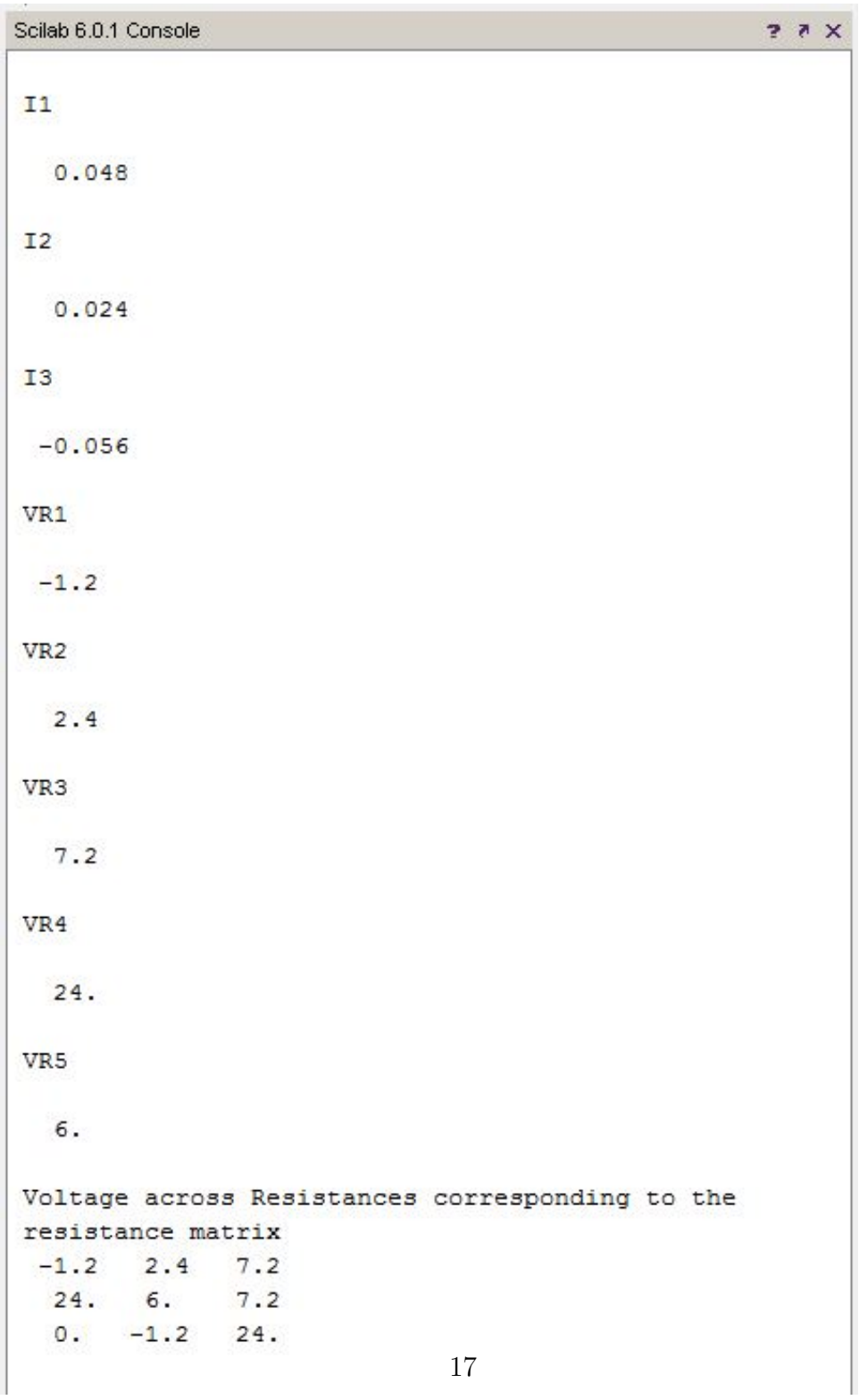


Figure 5.1: Current in a circuit using KVL KCL

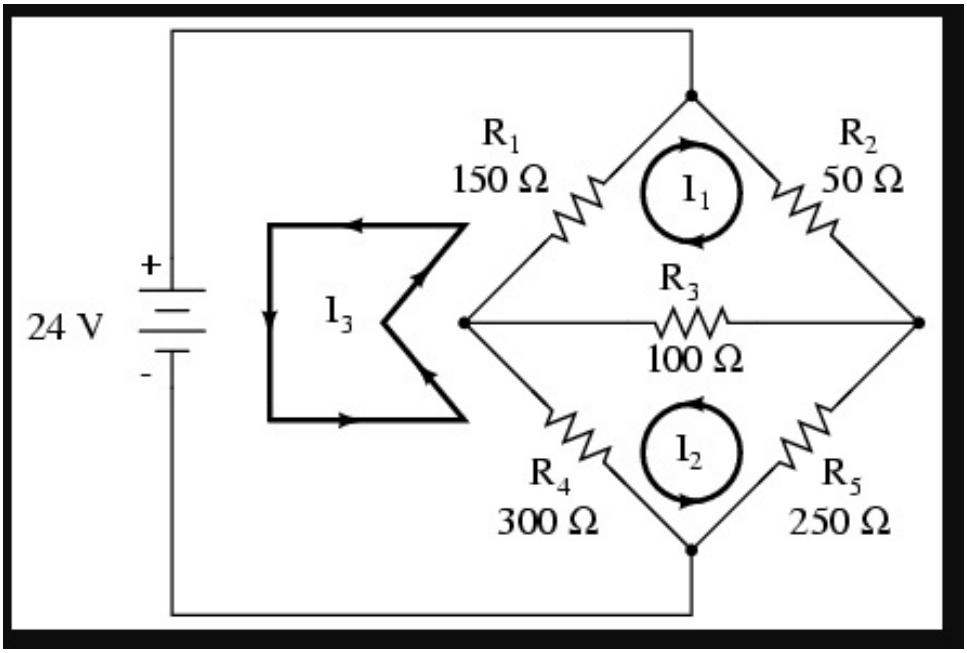


Figure 5.2: Current in a circuit using KVL KCL

```
12 V=[0;0;24]
13 R=[150 50 100;-300 250 100;0 150 -300]
14 I=inv(R)*V;
15 d=det(R);
16 d1=[0 0 24;-300 250 100;0 150 -300];
17 d2=[150 50 100;0 0 24;0 150 -300];
18 d3=[150 50 100;-300 250 100;0 0 24];
19 I1=det(d1)/d                                    //current
      in loop1
20 disp([I1],"I1")
21 I2=det(d2)/d                                   //current in
       loop3
22 disp([I2],"I2")
23 I3=det(d3)/d                                    //current
      in loop3
24 disp([I3],"I3")
25
26 //Calculating  Voltage across each resistor
```

```
27 VR1=(I1+I3)*150;
28 disp([VR1],"VR1")
29 VR2=(I1)*50;
30 disp([VR2],"VR2")
31 VR3=(I1+I2)*100;
32 disp([VR3],"VR3")
33 VR4=(I2-I3)*300;
34 disp([VR4],"VR4")
35 VR5=(I2)*250;
36 disp([VR5],"VR5")
37 Vout=[VR1 VR2 VR3;VR4 VR5 VR3;0 VR1 VR4]          //
     Voltage across Resistances corresponding to the
     resistance matrix
38 disp([Vout],"Voltage across Resistances
     corresponding to the resistance matrix")
```